THE RALEIGH NEWS.

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CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

A BILL IN RELATION TO TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICATION.

Pensioning Women---Judicial Appropriation Bill---Prohibition of Military Interference, etc.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—SENATE—Senator Eaton introduced, by request, a bill in relation to telegraphic communication between the United States and foreign countries. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill. Beck, of the Committee on Appropriations, said the bill was substantially the same as that agreed to by the committee of conference at a former session, with a few exceptions.

Edmunds enquired whether what is called political legislation is the same as that proposed last year, or did it differ by enlargement or diminution?

Beck replied he was not prepared to answer that question, as he had not compared the two propositions.

A message was received from the House announcing that the Speaker had signed the enrolled bill to prohibit military interference at elections, and returning the bill for the signature of the President *pro tem.* He having signed the same, it will now be taken to the President.

The Senate then proceeded to act on the amendments to the pending bill, and agreed to those restoring compensation of the Senate's officers—clerks and other employees, which the House had reduced.

Beck moved the reading of the bill be dispensed with in order to afford Hill, of Georgia, the opportunity to address the Senate as he intends to leave the city and may not return before

HOUSE.—A bill was reported relating to the widows of pensioners of the war of 1812, (so as to give pensions to women who are a second time widows.) Opposition was made to the bill, as it would cause an entire change of the pension laws, and, on motion, of Garfield, was referred to the Pension Committee.

The bill prohibiting the presence of military at the places of election, was presented as enrolled, and was signed by the Speaker and sent for the signature of the President *pro tem.* of the Senate.

The House committee on public lands to-day heard Representative Herbert, of Alabama, in advocacy of the bill introduced by him on the 5th inst., providing that all public lands of the United States located in the timber regions of the States of Alabama, Louisiana and Minnesota, which have been subject to entry for as much as 20 years prior to the passage of this act, except such as may have been heretofore reserved for government purposes, shall be hereafter subject to entry in any quantity desired by the purchaser, upon payment of the price required. The measure was referred to the sub-committee, consisting of Steele of North Carolina, Washburn of Minnesota, and Williams of Alabama, for consideration and report.

The House resumed consideration of the Warner silver bill. Several bills were introduced and referred, including one for the appointment of Mississippi river commission and one for the reduction and reorganization of the army. The House at 4:20 adjourned.

Parliament not to be Dissolved.

LONDON, May 10.—The Times in a leading editorial says: The government has no intention of dissolving Parliament this year.

Prohibition of Military Interference.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The bill to prohibit military interference at elections was sent to the Executive Mansion this afternoon for the approval or disapproval of the President.

Arrest of a Forger.

RICHMOND, VA., May 10.—Chief of Police Kenney, of Milwaukie, arrived here last night, and having identified a man arrested here a few days ago as Alex. Cohen, charged with numerous forgeries in Milwaukie, left this morning with his prisoner en route for home.

Arrest of Strikers.

ALTOONA, May 10.—Mr. Whitehead, contractor of the Canada Pacific Railway, has received a telegram to the effect that six of the ring leaders in the strike on section 15 have been arrested, and that the rest of the men would go to work to day.

Proposed Meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. B. B.

MEMPHIS, TENN., May 10.—Extensive preparations have been made for meeting of the District Grand Lodge I. O. B. B., No. 7, comprising the States of Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Florida and Alabama, which convenes in this city tomorrow morning.

The Czar's Proclamation and the Roumelians.

VIENA, May 10.—The Fremdenblatt says: The Czar's proclamation has produced a depressing effect on the East Roumelians, but it is believed his warnings will be heeded, and, at least for the present, tranquility is to be undisturbed.

Afghanistan Affairs.

LONDON, ENGLAND, May 10th, 1879.—A despatch from Lahore, published in this morning's edition of the Standard, announcing that Yakobb Khan, Ameer of Afghanistan had accepted all proposals is certainly premature and probably entirely wrong.

A despatch of the same date from Simla to Reuters says: "The visits exchanged between General Brown, Major Cavgnari and Yakobb Khan have been thus far entirely ceremonial and preliminary to negotiations."

Foreign Agricultural Prospects.

LONDON, May 10.—The Times' financial article this morning says: "The value of money remains at about 1½ per cent. Attention is being drawn to the probable effects of the cold northerly winds upon the agricultural prospects, which are already sufficiently unfavorable. Unless a change occurs soon in the temperature, there can be little or no fruit, and there may probably be a serious deficiency in the cereal crops, which means larger payments than usual to foreign growers, and eventually dearer money. Prominent among other prospective deficient yields on the continent is that of silk, cold winds keeping back the mulberry leaves upon which the silk worms feed. The flow of silver to China and Japan will probably be increased from this cause."

Southern Pacific Opened To Maricopa Wells.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—The Southern Pacific Railroad Company announced recently, for May 10th a grand opening excursion over their line from San Francisco to Maricopa Wells, Arizona, which is eight hundred and ninety miles from San Francisco. The train left San Francisco to-day at 10 a. m., going directly through to Maricopa, and will arrive there to-day at 6 a. m. Returning, the train will leave Maricopa the same evening at 8 p. m., stopping over the fourth night at Los Angeles, the fifth night at Santa Monica, and arriving at San Francisco at 8:45 p. m., on the sixth day. An important feature of the excursion will be the sale, at public auction, of a large number of town lots at Maricopa. Among the many objects of interest on this line the following may be noted: Three hundred and fifty-two miles from San Francisco the line of the road forms a perfect loop, the more elevated portion of the line crossing the other at an elevation above it of seventy-eight feet. This is the only engineering work of this nature in the world, and there are few localities where the nature of the formation is such as to make such a line a possibility. The San Fernando tunnel is 6,957 feet in length, one of the longest in the country. But the strangest thing about this line is that for sixty-one miles the grade of the track is below the level of the sea, the greatest depression reached being two hundred and sixty-six feet.

[Maricopa Wells is 180 miles east of Yuma, on the Colorado River, which is the western boundary of Arizona.

Decision of Judge Welford.

RICHMOND, VA., May 10.—Judge Welford, of the Circuit Court of the City of Richmond, to-day delivered a decision in a long-pending suit of the State of Virginia against General Bradley T. Johnson and the Messrs. Poe, of Baltimore, to set aside certain portions of a contract made by the Board of Public Works in 1867, and settlement made with them in 1873, concerning the interest of the State in the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal Company. The Court held that the contracts and settlement were authorized by law, and that all actions of the Board of Public Works of Gen. Johnson and his associates were legal and proper, and that all their conduct of the business of the State had been open, fair and public; and that their proceedings had been reported from time to time to the Board and recorded among their records and approved by them. The bill was therefore dismissed, and a decree to that effect entered.

UNITED IN DEATH.

A Husband and Wife, of the Same Age, Buried the Same Day.

Rochester Democrat, May 7.

On Saturday last, Mrs. Ellen Collins, sixty-one years of age, died very suddenly at her residence, 223 Plymouth avenue. She had appeared in robust health, with every promise of many years of life, but some affection of the heart terminated her existence before her friends could be made aware of the presence of danger. For the past four months her husband, Richard Collins, also sixty-one years of age, had been confined to his bed by consumption, and although it was not thought that his death would be immediate, it was well-known that his fate was inevitable. Naturally, his wife's death was a great shock to him, and when he was told that the funeral was to be held Tuesday he most earnestly protested. So urgent were his entreaties that the interment might be postponed for a day or so, that at last the friends consented to what they thought was a whim, and the remains were placed in a vault. Monday morning Richard Collins died, painlessly and tranquilly, and to-day, the man and woman who have lived for each other so many years as man and wife, will be laid away side by side, to be seen no more forever. He seemed to have a premonition that the end was very near, and who shall say that the spirit did not linger a few hours for the other, that they might journey on together to the unknown land of the hereafter.

University of North Carolina.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., May 10.

Correspondence of the News.

The election in this place passed off with the usual amount of excitement among those who wished to let the hog run on the street and those who held the contrary opinion. However, the present board has passed an ordinance to keep the same enclosed during commencement week and the session of the Normal School.

I have seen no programme in your paper of the exercises for our approaching festivity.

The address will be of the first order. Senator Thurman is reported to be looking forward with pleasure to his visit to the Old North State and her noted University. The pressure of Senatorial duties may prevent a thorough preparation on his part—yet men of his stamp are ever prepared to utter words of wisdom and instruction.

The sermon of Dr. Hedge, of Richmond, will be eloquent and instructive. As a polished pulpit orator this gentleman has no superior in the South.

Mr. Solicitor-General Phillips will address the Alumni Association.

One of the events of the week will be the dress ball given in honor of the graduating class.

Chief Manager Sharpe has spared no pains to make all necessary preparation for that occasion.

The invitations are pretty and tasteful. The music will be furnished by the Italian string band of your city.

The ball and the hops will be a grand success.

The students look forward with anxiety for the approach of commencement. We have heard that ladies will visit here from Richmond, Danville and Lynchburg, in Virginia; Charleston, S. C., and Atlanta, Ga.

It is to be hoped that Raleigh will furnish her usual quota of beauty and wit, and that the other cities of the State will vie with Raleigh.

The success of your correspondent at this place last June met with applause. It was a journalistic feat rarely met with in the South.

Mr. Watson and horse are ready to carry dispatches to the NEWS. Your representative will be welcomed during commencement week.

THE RUMORED UNPLEASANTNESS.

What North Carolinians Have to say About the Kitchin and Russell Story.

Washington Post, May 10.

"So there's to be no duel between your colleagues," remarked the Post, to Representative Steele, of North Carolina, yesterday.

"No such thing has been thought of," he replied. "The story was made out of whole cloth. Kitchin did say some sharp things about Russell on the floor, and he would have said a good deal more if Russell had been present. He may have something more to say when he catches Russell in his seat. I expect he will, but there has been no sort of difficulty between them. I suppose the story was started as a joke."

"Capt. Kitchen would fight though, wouldn't he?" inquired the Post of Senator Vance after he had also stated that there was no foundation for the duel story.

"Fight. I should say he would. He'd fight a rattle-snake through a crack of the fence and give the snake in the first bite. He's like Capt. Constantine in "Charles O'Malley." As a general thing he considers it the safest plan to fight every man, but he hasn't taken any steps towards fighting Russell yet."

MEMORIAL DAY.

ITS OBSERVANCE IN THE STATE ON YESTERDAY.

The Memory of the Dear Dead Still Fresh in Greensboro and Charlotte --Wilmington Celebrated the 9th.

Special Telegram to the News.

GREENSBORO, May 10, 1879.—Quite a large crowd turned out to-day to decorate the soldiers graves.

The ladies, with flowers, assembled in the Court room at 8:30 a. m.

The various organizations of the city formed in the Court House at 9. a. m., as follows:

Band,
Cadets Carolina Military Institute,
Hornets' Nest Riflemen,
Charlotte Grays,
Clergy, Choir, Speaker and Reader,
Memorial Association,
Confederate Soldiers,
Procession of Girls Bearing Flowers,
Hornet Fire Company No. 1,
Independent Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1,
Pioneer Fire Company No. 2,
Male Schools,
Female Schools,
Independent Order of Odd Fellows,
Masonic Lodges,
Citizens.

When the procession arrived at cemetery gate, the column halted, the military opened ranks and the clergy, choir speaker, reader, procession of girls, the memorial association and Confederate soldiers passed through; the ranks then closed and proceeded in order.

The address delivered by Col. J. P. Thomas was chaste, beautiful and appropriate. F. B. McDowell, Esq., read the roll of honor. Rev. E. H. Harding conducted the religious exercises. S. B. Alexander was the Marshal of the day. The floral offerings were large and very beautiful. C.

WILMINGTON, May 9.—Memorial ceremonies were observed in this city with as much interest as on any previous occasion. The procession on Market street, was formed, as nearly as possible at the appointed hour, under the direction of Major Henry G. Flanner, Chief Marshal, assisted by his aids, Messrs. James M. McGowan, W. R. Patterson, Thos. B. Henderson, S. P. Collier, C. W. Yates, J. Merritt, Jno. M. Robinson, G. W. Huggins and E. Scharff; Messrs. H. Ohlandt and Wm. Hankins being on duty at the Confederate lot. The procession was quite a lengthy one, comparing favorably with those of similar occurrences, and embraced the following companies, associations, schools, &c., headed by the Wilmington Cornet Concert Club: Wilmington Light Infantry; Whiting Rifles; Cape Fear Light Artillery; Companies A and B of the Cadets of the Cape Fear Military Academy; Ladies' Memorial Association; Children's Memorial Association; Association of Officers of the Third N. C. Infantry; Memorial Association of the Third N. C. Infantry; schools in charge of their teachers.

At the Cemetery, the ceremonies were commenced by a dirge from the Cornet Concert Club, followed by a salute by the Cape Fear Light Artillery from two of their pieces stationed on a knoll contiguous to the Cemetery grounds.

Captain Maffitt, a distinguished naval officer in the late "unpleasantness," was the orator of the occasion, and was introduced in a happy style by Major Flanner.

At the conclusion of the address, which was a most eloquent effort the choir sang again, when the flower decoration begun and in a short time the graves looked like a sea of roses. The roll of honor was read by Maj. Flanner and the crowd dispersed.

The shipping in port duly honored the occasion by half-masting their colors, as did the different Consulates.

A Tribute to Dr. Pritchard.

Statesville American.

Rev. Dr. Pritchard, of Raleigh, will deliver a lecture in the Court House in Statesville on the 15th instant, Thursday next, at 8 o'clock, p. m., for the benefit of the Baptist Church in this place. The Doctor is one of the most eloquent and attractive speakers of that denomination in the State, and the lecture will prove interesting, besides pecuniarily benefit the congregation here. We bespeak for him a large audience.

Buncombe.

Asheville Citizen, 8th.

This entire section of country was visited on Saturday morning last with a heavy, killing frost. Our gardens suffered quite severely in consequence, but we hear of no damage to the grain crops. It is now quite certain that the fruit crop, outside of apples, is seriously damaged. There will be an abundance of apples, but few peaches, with only a small crop of cherries. We are glad, however, of the escape of the apple crop.

PAROLE TO THE FORE.

Once More a Winner on English Turf in a Great Race.

LONDON, May 8.—Parole has won another race, and to-day bore away the rich stakes and honors of the Cheshire stakes at the Chester Spring Meeting. Because of his previous winnings on this turf he carried penalties that made his weight one hundred and thirty-four pounds. Reefer, by whom he was beaten for the Chester cup the day before, was also in the race, and because of his winning on yesterday carried fourteen pounds extra, giving him one hundred and eighteen pounds. With this weight, however, he came in a handsome second. Mr. Leigh's four year-old colt, Sir Joseph, took third place, and of the eight starters the other five were unplaced. The betting at the start was 6 to 1 against Lord Zealand's bay colt Flotsam, 5 to 2 against Lord Roseberry's bay colt, Ridotto, 7 to 1 against Lord Wilton's gray colt by Stratheonan out of Fragrance, 9 to 2 against Parole, 9 to 4 against Sir Joseph and 12 to 1 against Reefer. At the start Flotsam led the way, with Ridotto close to his saddle-girth the Stratheonan colt third and Parole changing third and fourth places with Sir Joseph, both of them running easily. Entering the straight on about three fourths of a mile from the finish, half a mile having then been covered, the little brown gelding, then eighth in line, arroused himself and ran through the competing horses like a flash of lightning. The other jockeys looked at the performance in perfect stupification, almost as if they had a phantom horse in their ranks. The applause for the American horse was immense as he came in on a canter past the winning chair. Parole has redeemed his defeat of yesterday and has beaten Reefer, his former successful antagonist, who had much less weight to carry than the American horse. It is reported that his defeat yesterday was owing to a miscalculation of his rider.

LONDON, May 9—The *Sportsman* says Parole won yesterday's race in the commonest canter. It declares there can be no question that he is a good horse, but does not think he is much to be feared by English owneas in the Ascot, Goodwood or Doncaster cups. In the gold cup race at Epsom he will carry fifteen pounds less than Touchit, and should, therefore, reverse his Chester cup form.

STATE NEWS.

Warren.

Warren News.

Next Monday is Court and as it is the last of its race we expect to see a large crowd in attendance. We invite our friends in to see us, while in town, and we hope that many of them will not forget to bring that little change, and liquidate that little bill.

Two tramps, a man and a bear came into Warrenton on Monday evening, and created quite an excitement. The bear walked quite as erect as the man, and carried a long pole in his hands, much about the same way that a human being would. The man talked to the bear like the bear was a drove of hogs, and the bear seemed to understand him perfectly. They remained but a short while; after handing around the hat and gathering in a few dimes, they took their departure in the direction of Warren Plains.

Forsythe.

Winston Republican.

Miss Mary Hicks left Winston for her home in Raleigh on Tuesday last, when a large number of ladies and gentlemen assembled at the depot to wish her adieu. Amongst the ladies, pocket handkerchiefs were plentiful.

The seventy-fifth anniversary of Salem Female Institute will be celebrated on the 15th and 16th inst. by a grand musical festival, the most prominent feature of which will be performances of the justly celebrated Boston Quintette Club.

Dr. J. F. Shaffner was elected Mayor of Winston.

A. B. Gorrell was elected Mayor of Winston.

Granville.

Border Review.

On Wednesday next, May 14th, will come off the first, perhaps, of the many sociable gatherings with which the summer months in Henderson are to be filled up. The ladies of the Methodist Church are to hold a Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival that night in Mr. Claude Hunter's big new factory, for the benefit of their church.

Catawba.

Hickory Press.

Rev. J. A. Foil, of Newton writes; You will please announce in the *Press* that the closing exercises of Catawba High School will take place on the 20th of May, (Tuesday.) His Honor, Judge Dick, of Greensboro, will be present and deliver the Literary address. This takes place about 2 o'clock, p. m. The rest of the exercises will take place in the evening and night.

The grading on the Chester and Lenoir Narrow Gauge Railroad is now completed from Lenoir to Hickory. Capt. Fry's force finished the work up to the depot Friday. The work is finished up very nicely, and has been executed with great dispatch.

"Wo, dar, Nebecadnezah!"

SCENE—*New Berne Avenue.*

He was from Rhamkatte, so he said, when he had recovered sufficient breath to articulate that "difficultly" pronounced name, "an' hab bin de 'prieter ob dat muel fur more an twenty year, an nebor knowed him to kick afore."

He evidently did not believe what he had often been told—that every mule has a *kick* in him, which he is certain to make use of sooner or later; but he is as firm and devout a believer in that persuasion *just now* as a recent convert is capable of being.

What are the facts? Same old story—got too near a mule's heels.

"Uncle Dorse," they call him, that's the "'prieter ob de mule," and the "muel" is designated by his sable owner, as "Nebecudnezah."

The old man had brought in a "load" of wood. (6 sticks) and having satisfactorily disposed of the same, was preparing to bend his and Nebecudnezah's footsteps toward home.

Neb likes city life, and puts in a demurer to the affecting, if not *effecting*, whip-persuasions of his master, by gently and very ceremoniously disengaging himself from the harness. Then Uncle Dorce's pent up wrath and indignation at such unseemly conduct from his old companion, gave vent thuswise:

"Whoa, dar, sah! wot yu doin, sah! I'd hab yu fer tew kno', sah, I'se holin ob dese lines!"

Neb did not seem to care if he was, so long as *he* had control of the *tail* end.

The old man "gets down to it" now, and begins as though he intended to make a life-long job of it, with his "persuader;" but in the excitement, or owing to his devotion to his cause, he gets too near Neb's heels. Now, "Neb" has a great respect for age, (owing to his own advanced state, perhaps) and in the brief moment that Uncle Dorse stands there, his memo y seems a very tableaux, as he recounts the many cotton rows and corn hills he and old Dorse have ploughed together—and especially the many happy hours spent under shade trees at the end of each row;—but the temptation is too strong for any mule, and so Neb, as he drops a tear from his blinking eye, "lets fly" at him, and Dorse, Oh! where is he? "Another man gone on a foreign mission," some wag remarks, when, to every one's surprise, old Dorse comes waddling up.

"Not quite, boss," he grins, "tell you wot, do, sah, it wuz a narrer 'scape fur dis chile. Whoa! dar, Nebecudnezah!" and as he mounted his truck and give Neb. a hunch with his heel, that obedient animal started off at a quick pace.

We all raised our hats to the plucky old darkey, and in response to our admiring gestures, he said:

"Ef de willen had hit me enny whar 'cept on de head, he *mout* a broak sumthin," and as the old man resigned himself to a hearty chuckle over his good luck, you could see "five cents worth" of ginger bread floating around in the three "shorts" to which he had treated himself during the day.

ENGLISH AFFAIRS!

GREAT FINANCIAL DEPRESSION THROUGHOUT EUROPE.

A Cursory Review, by M. Maurice Block, of the Causes and Consequences.

LONDON, ENGLAND, May 10th, 1879.—The suggestion, therefore, is that the hard times are owing to an accumulation of disasters and mistakes occurring within compartively narrow limits of time over most parts of the earth inhabited by man. Most of us have, at least, a dim consciousness that the recent Indian famines in Bengal and Madras may have had something to do with our troubles, since we know that the Indian peasantry are ordinarily large customers of the North of England manufacturers. But there have been accounts of a terrible famine in China; and, for all we know, that calamity also had its share in diminishing the profits of Manchester. Then, again, for five-and-twenty years there has been an almost continuous succession of desolating wars, and the time has gone by when a war can be looked upon as merely affecting the States engaged in it. There must have been vast desolations of capital in all these wars; and when capital is once destroyed on a large scale the whole world nowadays becomes conscious of it for evil. No body, however, can venture on a conjecture how much of the great American war of secession, in the war between France and Austria, in that between Prussia and Austria, in the Franco-German war, and the recent struggle between Russia and Turkey. A multitude of customers must have become poorer and a multitude of producers less active through these deadly contests; and these augmentations of poverty and diminution of productive energy must have happened even in the countries which least show the marks of the strain upon them. France has suffered less than Germany from the events of 1870 and 1871, but still she must have suffered; and her losses, like so many other communities, must count for something in producing the general depression of the world. M. Maurice Block seems, however, to doubt whether continued war has been so directly disastrous as ill-advised speculation. He points to the extravagantly large number of railway projects which were sanctioned, and to some extent carried out, in Austria, Hungary and Germany in the years preceding 1872. The same lavishness of construction, we need not say, was indulged in, in this country, but the delusion which led to it was found out and exposed rather earlier. Now, of these railways, large numbers yield no profit, large numbers were not wanted, and therefore minister but slightly to the augmentation of national wealth. The economical evils traceable to them do not, however, the less remain. A great part of the capital of Europe and America is withdrawn for a time from the general stock and is locked up in unproductive and very partially useful investments. Meantime, the unnatural stimulus given to industry by all this speculation still leaves its bad effects behind it. The crowds of laborers brought together by the manufacture of railway material are unable to transfer their labor elsewhere, but the railway material ceases to be made because it can no longer be sold.

The nearly universal distress has therefore been the accumulated result of all these misfortunes and follies, of which some made themselves felt at once and some after an interval of time. No doubt obscurer causes have also contributed to the disorder of commerce, as, for example, that menacing depreciation of silver in face of which English and Indian statesmanship seem to be so discreditably helpless. It chiefly shows itself to us in the difficulties of Indian finance, but in point of fact it is disorganizing the entire mechanism of exchange in those poorer countries of Europe and Asia which are now just as essential as richer communities to the world-wide system of purchasing food and selling articles of luxury and use. We have no space at present to follow M. Block in his opinions on the probable duration of the economical troubles, or on the best way of meeting some of them. One expedient is, however, at once condemned, by a moderately accurate comprehension of the economical condition of the world as we have attempted to explain it. Protective tariffs can only diminish the external buying and selling power of each community. They are, in fact, an attempt to give the part of the population assembled in towns the exclusive command of the market supplied by the part of the population directly or indirectly engaged in agricultural industry; but, as the agricultural interest must be protected also, they are in fact a contrivance for starving those town populations which are the most characteristic feature of the social order of our day.

Fashion Fancies For the Ladies.

There is a great number of new fancy dress materials shown this month. Wonderfully pretty are the lace buntings which come in all the choice costume shades, in solid colors; also in small broken plaids, as ecru and pale blue, old gold and garnet, and gray with white. Though less sheer than grenadines, they are transparent, and must be made over selesia lining of the same shade. They are soft and pliable and drape most beautifully, and the lace-like effect gives them quite an elegant appearance. They will make pretty toilettes for city streets and charming dresses for the seashore and country. The bareges, too, are beautiful and soft, coming in pale and exquisite tints, and are combined with silk for evening dresses. Barege de lux is finding many purchasers who fancy its rather downy surface. The old fashioned challie has reappeared again with small flowers scattered on a satin surface. Superb is the display of diaphanous fabrices, combining richness and airiness of texture, such as the lovely Chambery gauzes in alternate stripes of water silk and gauze in one tone of color. Elegant grenadines come with transparent stripes, contrasting with velvet ones, or again with stripes in many-hued flowers, and beautiful are the brocaded grenadines. For elegant dresses these thin fabrics take the lead in fashion combined with silk or satin. Both stripes and floriated fabrics rage, and it is a little difficult to decide which holds the first rank; for the moment we will accord the honor to the latter, as we think of the lovely Louisine and foulard silks, with delicate grounds strewn with sprays, bouquets and small flowers in bright or dull colors, and also in floriated stripes in regular Louis Seize style. These soft silks, as well as damasses, are made up into Pompadour overdresses, with paniers and bunched up drapery, fichu collars or square necks and elbow sleeves, garnnured with fringe or lace, and many bows and loops of bright ribbons, and are fresh gay toilettes for dressy watering places. Equally pretty but less showy are the Louisine silks in small checks in two colors, as gray and garnet, blue and gold; they are double-faced and are made up on the dark side, and trimmed with the bright side, and make serviceable, substantial-looking dresses.

THE RAGE FOR LACE.

With other old fashions which are revived the fureur for lace returns, and we can hardly get enough of it on our toilettes. The simplest muslin and cambric dresses are trimmed with yards of fleecy Breton or Swiss lace; and superb flounces and bands of point de Venice, point d'Alencon or Chantilly lace. And entire lace dresses are the height of the ton, with velvet or satin underdresses, and what can be more elegant? Spanish blonde, in both black and white, is most effective for these overdresses; also French blonde is used, and lastly Valenciennes net, with beautiful designs of passion flowers and buds, drooping fucias with leafage, etc., with lace edge to match, is entirely new for overdresses, and draped over white or tinted silks are extremely stylish. These lace dresses are very voluminously draped with paniers, fichus and jabots of lace, with transparent sleeves, and the under corsage cut out square both back and front to correspond.

RIDING HABITS.

We do not recall a costume which imparts to a lady such a spirited, dashing, and withal such a graceful air as the riding habit. And now that skies are blue and the air is soft, our amateur horsewomen must be equipped for this most exhilarating of all pleasures—riding. Very dark blue is the favorite color for the cloth habit, though very deep olive, brown and black are also stylish. The skirt has but a trifle of fullness on the right side, and is only of medium length, with a few shot here and there quilted into the canvas facing, which improves its conduct in a high wind or when the wearer is riding a swift horse. The habit basque is quite new, and departs from the postillion or coat-shaped back so long in vogue. It is made long and plain, simply being cut out in front below the waist, and again at the upper part of the waist it opens widely with a deep lapel collar, and closes in double breasted style with three large cut steel buttons, three similar buttons outlining the opposite side. Both above and below where the basque fastens is disclosed a white corduroy vest, closed with white pearl buttons. Perfectly plain coat sleeves are buttoned on the outside seam with a large cut steel button, and finished with plain hemstitched linen cuffs, a standing collar to correspond being worn at the neck. A high Derby straw hat, rolled at the sides, has a light gray sewing silk veil gracefully worn over it, tied at the back and brought round in front, the ends being held together with a dainty horse shoe; similar ones are worn in the ears. White undressed kid gloves, and a bunch of jacqueminot roses fastened in the opening of the basque, give just the requisite finish and color to the costume, which, above all others, displays to the greatest advantage the fine figure and easy, natural grace of the thoroughbred lady.

Coming.

What is coming? Half afraid
Peer we into wood and glade;
Strong March breezes rise and roar,
Wrecks are drifting to the shore,
Clouds above us loom and frown,
Showers of sleet are pelting down,
And no brightness,
Song or lightness
Comes to foster hope or gladness
In this time of fear and sadness.

What is coming? Spring is near,
Welcome hope; away with fear!
Why in trembling and dismay,
Wait we for the dawning day?
Has not life brought, through the years,
Other gifts than grief and tears?
Heaps of treasures,
Thronging pleasures?
Let us then not fear, but rather
Hope and trust in God our Father.

What is coming? Merry spring,
Crowds of birds glad songs to sing:
Days of sunshine, skies of blue,
Scented flowers of varied hue,
Pale primroses, violets sweet,
Daisy carpets at our feet,
Joys for sorrows,
Fair to-morrows.
Praiseful anthems ever ringing
For the gifts God's love is bringing.

What is coming? Heaven and rest,
Why should any be distressed
For the future? It shall be
Fairer than our dreams can see.
God is near us, and His love
Has reserved for us above
What eye sees not
And ear hears not;
But we know that perfect gladness
Waits in Heaven for all earth's sadness.

Therefore, let the future bring
What it may, in faith we sing,
Flowers shall smile along the way,
Some new blessing light each day.
Nought but good from God will come
Till His voice shall call us home,
There to rest
On Jesus' breast,
Finding that all bliss is given
With the joy of peace and Heaven.

MARIANNE FARNINGHAM.

PERSONAL.

The Edenton Falcon thus salutes Judge Avery while in that city. He is a sober, intelligent, genial gentleman, and as a judge no accusation of neglect or partiality can be brought against him.

Rt. Rev. Theodore B. Lyman, Assistant Bishop of North Carolina, Rev. J. E. C. Smedes, Rev. E. R. Rich, and Rev. Bennett Smedes, of Raleigh, assisted in the consecration of St. James Episcopal church this week. The Rector of this church is Rev. T. Jervis Edwards. Bishop Lyman preached the consecration sermon. A very large crowd were present to witness the interesting services.

Mr. A. M. McPheeters of Raleigh will attend the Louisville (Ky.) General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church which convenes on the 15th inst.

Maj. Sparrow of Washington N. C., The Rev. J. C. Alexander of Guilford and the Rev. F. F. Johnson of Wilson are also delegates from Orange Presbytery and will join Mr. McPheeters in Baltimore on Tuesday next.

The Hon. Paul C. Cameron of Hillsboro is in the city.

Governor Jarvis will take the 4 p. m., train Monday for Henry, N. C., to inspect the work of the W. N. C. R. R., and will be gone a week or more. He will be accompanied to Greensboro by Mrs. Jarvis, who will make a visit to relatives in Virginia for several weeks.

Asheville to be Made a Government Depository.

Asheville Citizen, 8th.

Postmaster Roberts, of this place, has received an official notice from the U. S. Treasury Department that he has been constituted a United States Depository of public moneys, for the sale of United States Refunding Certificates, under the act of February 26th, 1879, which authorizes the sale of Ten Dollar Refunding certificates, in sums not to exceed $100 at one time. These bonds are being sold, wherever introduced, at a rapid rate, the government thereby constituting itself a savings bank, paying 4 per cent. interest. Mr. Roberts has not yet filed his bond as such Depositary Agent, but it is to be hoped he will do so at once, and thereby offer to our people the advantages of this measure.

"MIZZER PRES'DENT."

A FINE SCENE IN THE SENATE ON LAST FRIDAY.

Stalwart Zach Chandler's Drunken Exhibition of Himself---History Repeating Itself.

Washington Post, 10th.

"Mizzer Pres'dent," shouted Senator Zach Chandler in the Senate chamber yesterday as he took the floor—and it was about all he could do to take it, too. His legs trembled under him, and his body shook like a reed in a strong wind. His nose was red and his face was pale. "Bad ventilation has made him sick," suggested a Radical Senator. Old Zach steadied himself by his desk and again shouted: "Mizzer Pres'dent, history's repeatin' itself. When I first took my seat in this body twenty-two years ago, with Jefferson Davis—" A shout of laughter greeted this, and one senator remarked: "I knew he couldn't make a speech without the aid of Jeff Davis." "In 1857," continued Zach, "when I took my seat here with Jef's'n Davis, there were forty-four Democrats." He went on to give the number of Republican Senators then, and said there were two Independents who, as now, always rallied to the support of the Democracy when a question of slavery was raised. The Bourbons (and he smacked his lips at the word) had control of the Senate then as they have now. Then, as now, caucus dictation ruled. There were sixteen Democrats from the northern States then, and he named the States they represented. The southern Democrats, he said, bulldozed these sixteen and made them vote their pro-slavery measures. Stephen A. Douglas was degraded from the chairmanship of the Committee on Territories because he would not do the Bourbons' bidding. "You crowd your men off the bridge," shouted Zach, in his loudest key, to the Democratic side; and in attempting to make a gesture befitting the speech, he surged over against the desk and very nearly came to grief. Straightening himself up by degrees, he shouted in a still louder tone, but with a more careful gesture: "You crowded your men off the bridge; yes, sir, you crowded 'em off," and whacked the desk with his left hand while he held himself up with the right. "You crowded 'em off the bridge, and they fell into the waters of oblivion (hic) and sank to rise no more forever (hic). Yes, sir, they went down in the waters of oblivion," and apparently not feeling at home in a watery element, Zach dropped the subject and took up the Kellogg case. He said: "Every man on this side of the chamber believes that twelve senators on your side hold their seats by a poorer title than my honible friend from Louisiana. By fraud and violence you occupy your seats."

Senator Eaton jumped to his feet and called Chandler to order. He had no right to say that any senator held his seat by fraud.

Chandler looked dazed, but denied having said it. "What I said was that I believed so, and I say so now; I say I believe that and that's so; I do."

Senator Garland—"I demand that his words be taken down."

Mr. Eaton—"I also want the language taken down; I am confident the senator asserted that senators held their seats by fraud."

The excitement was intense on both sides of the chamber. Democrats were insisting that Chandler had made the charge, and Republicans were trying to explain it away. Senator Houston jumped up and requested Mr. Eaton to withdraw his point of order. "Let him go on," said Mr. Houston, referring to Chandler, "nobody would believe a word he says."

The words were then read from the reporters' notes, and it was found that Chandler had said what Mr. Eaton had charged. It was a critical point, but Mr. Thurman, by a display of excellent judgment and tact, got over it without any difficulty. Mr. Chandler was permitted to proceed, and, stretching out his hand toward the Democrats, he said: "You rebels said you were poor when the war ended. You were poor and naked, and we fed and clothed you. [Jeering laughter.] Yes, we did; we fed and clothed you; I say so"—with another bang on the desk, from which he only recovered by a prolonged effort. "We clothed you with the rights of citizenship, and invited you to a feast. We killed the fatted calf for you, and when you came to the feast you said what? that the calf always belonged to us? Yes, you did. But you go on; you go on. You've got your day in court now, but your time is short. The people are aroused—aroused, I say—another gesture and a sprawl on the desk). Yes, sir; the people are aroused, from the Atlantic to the Pacific; the loyal people of the North are aroused, even worse than they were in 1865, and *mene, mene, tekel upharsin* is written all over Bourbon brows."

Here the overpowered Chandler dropped into his seat with a thump, shaking his head threateningly at the other side for some seconds. A few moments later he was invigorated by a sup of cold tea, and was congratulated by his friends upon having once more subjugated Jeff. Davis and saved the country.

Mr. Stamps in Richmond.

The Richmond *State* thus speaks of Mr. Stamps speech at the banquet the other night: Mr. Claiborne Watkins addressed them with a short but well-timed speech which was responded to on the part of the North Carolinians by E. R. Stamps, Esq., of the Raleigh bar. This gentleman made a very elegant speech concluding as follows:

"And now, sir, let me thank you in person for the handsome welcome you have extended us—so well done, in fact that I am inclined to think you are pure North Carolinian, and to assure you that we will never ask a more generous hospitality than that which always dwells upon the tongue's end and the finger tips of a true Virginian gentleman. To paraphrase slightly a verse of Scotland's beloved bard—

When death's dark stream I ferry o'er—
A time that surely shall come—
In heaven itself I'll ask no more
Than just a Virginia welcome."

What the Legislature Has Come to.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Pennsylvania Legislature is so corrupt that a rotten egg smashed against the Speaker's desk smells like a bunch of violets.

Much is said from time to time about the institution of grand new hotels. Still the old favorites retain their strong grip on the public regard. Among these, none is worthy to be named with the St. Nicholas, which title is so dear to New Yorkers, so grateful and suggestive to myriads all over the land, for splendid cheer and cordial, old-fashioned hospitality. The *cuisine* has always been celebrated, and retains all its pristine excellence, and the furnishing is the perfection of elegant good taste. The stranger cannot better serve his pocket and his ease than by making this his New York home.

DAILY NEWS

SUNDAY, - - - - - - - MAY 11, 1879.

HUSSEY & JORDAN, PROPRIETORS

JOHN B. HUSSEY, - - Editor

THE INDUS VALLEY STATE RAILROAD.

A letter to the NEWS from a friend in Delhi, India, announces the completion of this great work, nearly a year ahead of the contract time. In importance it ranks with the completion of our own great trans-continental line in 1869.

There now stretches, by the completion of this line, a continuous railway from Kurrachee on the Western border of British India clear across Northern India over (2,000) two thousand miles to Calcutta near the Eastern boundary of that magnificent possession of the British crown. The population of the immediate and adjacent sections through which the railroad runs is largely over one hundred millions of people.

For a part of the way—from Kotri to Sukkur—the railroad runs parallel with the Indus, that historic stream which bounded Alexander's conquests and by whose banks he sat down and wept for other worlds to conquer. The account of the voyage of Nearchus, the Grecian Admiral, down the Indus survives as our most ancient record of a naval exploration, unless we except the half fabulous story of the Argonants.

The Indus is crossed by the new railroad at Sukkur by a steam ferry. Further on, the Sutley is crossed near Bhawulpoor by one of the most magnificent iron bridges in the world.

One effect of the opening of the new route, besides strengthening the hold of the British on India, will be to render eventually Kurrachee the European port of India instead of Bombay, thus shortening the trip from Europe to India by at least five hundred miles of sea travel. The new line is necessarily the backbone of the British communications in all offensive and defensive military operations looking toward Afghanistan or the rapidly advancing Russian frontier in Central Asia. It was this, doubtless (though our correspondent does not so state), that hurried forward the completion of the road a year ahead of the contracted time. In the not remote future, when the British and Russian frontiers shall touch on the Hindoo Koosh, or in the plains beyond, the Indus Valley Railroad will become the great artery through which will pulsate the life blood necessary to sustain the struggle for the dominion of India.

HE WILL AND HE WONT.

The new army bill was framed to meet the objections urged in the Presidents veto message. He is reported to have said that it does meet every objection, and he can ask no further concessions from the Democrats.

But Senators Conkling, Edmunds, Chandler and others, see "very serious objections" to the passage of the bill. Senator Edmunds, who is one of the most penetrating and shrewd men in the Senate, insists that it is a very bad bill, and that the President should not approve it. Edmunds says he would have done better if he had approved the Army bill. When asked his reasons for this opinion, he said, in his dry way, that he preferred to give them in a speech he intended to make and which he did make on Friday last.

Conkling agrees with Edmunds, and thinks this bill is worse than the much discussed Section 6 of the Army bill. He says the President cannot sign it consistently, nor without doing violence to Republican sentiment throughout the country.

Senator Chandler says that the President will not approve the bill, and he says so very emphatically. "You tell them," says Chandler, "that he will not sign it. He must not."

The President is reported to have said to Judge Nott, of the Court of Claims, since the passage of the bill in the House, that had he been a member of Congress he should have voted against it, as he believed it to be a pernicious measure. Yet there is contradictory evidence. A Western member of Congress asked the President what he thought of the bill, and he replied: "I think it is the best sort of an endorsement of my veto message. They have avoided all my objections with great ingenuity."

Upon the whole, there is some uncertainty as to what the Presinent will do. Assuming that the President will sign the bill, the Democratic programme is as follows:

1. Send the bill to the President.
2. Pass the Army Apropropriation bill.
3. Send him the Legislative bill containing the repeal of the election laws and test oath, which they expect him to veto.
4. Pass a bill to repeal the election laws as a separate measure, which he will veto.
5. Pass the repeal of the test oath in a separate bill, which he will approve.

Finnally, pass the Legislative bill and adjourn, saying that the Democratic party had gone as far as it thought safe towards repealing what is known as the "war legislation."

SECTIONAL ISSUES.

It is unfortunate for the country that for the last 20 years, the political issues dividing the parties, have been mainly sectional in character. Owing to the effort of the republican party, which has had most followers in the Northern States, to infringe and abridge the constitutional rights and powers of the Southern States, it was impossible to ignore these sectional questions. The Northern States of the Union being the most populous, and the republican party obtaining control of the power, has, since its earliest history, made constant and systematic efforts, to destroy the power and influence of the south, as a part and portion of the Government. So successful has been this effort, that the South has for years been compelled to bear the greater portion of the burthens of the Government.

The struggle culminated in a gigantic civil war, which ceased not until millions of men had been slain and vast profusions of the blood of both sections were poured out on a thousand battle-fields. It is, true that the South did not succeed in establishing a separate independent government, but it obtained that recognition by, its dauntless courage, its intelligence, and its astounding resources, which courage and devotion to principle men fail to secure. It was hoped that when the war ended, and the South remained in the Government, and the Union was restored, that sectional strife would end. But such has not been the case, and for these 14 years of so-called peace, this same sectional, South-hating party has marshaled its followers under their banners of discord, waging a relentless and bitter war upon the Southern portion of the country. How long this is to be kept up we are unable to divine. We of the South deplore this sectional strife, and would gladly hail the opportunity of devoting our every power to the social, political and material interests of the whole country. And surely the country is much in need of such efforts from all sections. As a nation, if these divisions and strifes longer continue, we will, with the loss of harmony and the deterioration of the development of national strength, which alone can come from a united people, lose our position amongst the great nations of the earth, and become a power of mean and contemptible insignificance.

It is by means of this sectional strife that vicious legislation has found its way upon our statute books, and the interests of the people sacrificed to the rapacity of demagogues. To this bitter and impure fountain we may look as the source of all the trouble and financial crash and ruin that has come upon the people. It is such legislation, engendered in evil times, that has checked the wheels of prosperity, paralyzed the nerves of industry and sent flocks of hungry wolves to the doors of the ten thousand wretched and starving poor of the land.

Shall such a state of things have no end? Commerce is languishing, the avenues of labor and trade are blocked, thousands roam the country in search of labor and bread, and, as the Nazarine, have not where to lay their heads. Women and children go mourning through the streets, and the masked monsters of crime, in low and high places, stalk abroad and riot in their sins.

Where is the statesman that will rise up to the occasion and lead the people back to the love of country and virtue? Congress should cease its wrangles over sectional questions, and look to the commercial, financial and individual interests of the whole country and the people. Modify the tariff, that our oceans and our rivers may be alive with the fleets of the world, bearing to our shores cheap goods, and carrying back our exports. Soon the wheels of industry would hum and sing as of yore. Give the people a steady and uniform currency, and enough of it, so that labor shall command its true value, that the starving poor may be fed.

Then prosperity would once more smile upon us, and as a Nation we would be strong and great—as a people free and happy.

THEN AND NOW.

In 1860 the whole force employed in the Executive Departments of the United States Government was less than 500. To-day there are more than 2500 employees which is out of all proportion to the increase of business. The vast force of 105,000 officials and employees is handled and was organized as an army of partisans to work for the retention or power by the Republican party, and by reference to the history of that organization since 1861 it will be seen that during every year of its power it has continued to make offices, and useless offices, solely to increase the number of dependents and workers. —*Louisville Journal.*

Well, no doubt all that is true. But our party friends, the Democrats, now have control of both Houses of Congress, and why don't they abolish a few thousand of the salaried offices. Tax-paying Democrats will vote and harrah for members of Congress, and when many of the said members get to Washington they begin just like the Radicals, to feather their own nest first, and it takes about all the places they can command to satisfy their wants. We think Democrats should practice what they preach.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

The remarks of our neighbor are just. It does seem that it matters little what party is in power so far as the swarm of officeholders is concerned. Their numbers remain undiminished and they eat out the substance of the people worse than the locusts of Egypt. What efforts are the Senators and Representatives of North Carolina in Congress making towards our relief from supernumerary officials? It is like the cry of Retrenchment and Reform raised in North Carolina before the election and which was so shamelessly denied afterwards.

DR. HAMMOND'S CASE.

The Effort to Relieve Him of the Stigma of His Dismissal--Adverse Opinion of Judge Advocate.

Special to the Boston Herald.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 7.—The effort to restore Dr. W. A. Hammond, the former surgeon-general of the war department, to his old rank and relieve him of the stigma of his dismissal by Secretary Stantor, has led to an important opinion by the judge advocate-general of the army. The President was authorized by Congress to appoint a board of officers to review the evidence before the court-martial which sentenced Gen. Hammond, and to report whether the evidence justified the finding of the court. The new court put in its report, and, after it had been handed to the Secretary of War, it is understood that Gen. Hammond asked that the court be reconvened, and that he have liberty to bring forward new testimony. The request was referred to Judge Advocate-General Dunn, who has given an opinion which prevents the reopening of the case of Dr. Hammond. Gen. Dunn holds that, on a reconvening by a reviewing officer of a court-martial, for a correction of its proceedings, witnesses previously called cannot be recalled to testify anew. The judge advocate-general holds that the object of reconvening the court in such a case is to afford it an opportunity to reconsider the record, for the purpose of correcting or modifying any conclusion thereon, and also to make any amendment to the record necessary to perfect the same. Anything like a reopening of the case is wholly foreign to the proceedings, and is at variance with the principle of prompt and final deliberation and action which is fundamental to the administration of military justice.

THE MORROW OF 1880.

THE NEXT GUBERNATORIAL CONTEST FORESHADOWED.

The Republican Party Powerless to Organize—A Little Sketch of Old Leaders as They Now Stand.

Correspondence of the News.

That the next Governor of North Carolina will be a Democrat, is usually counted as an admitted fact. The Republican programme for the national campaign is based upon the assumption of a "Solid South," and even were that party in this State susceptible of organization, there would be little prospect of its acting effectively with the cold-shouldered hypothesis of its failure, echoing from every stump of the North. The Republican party of the South can do nothing, is expected to do nothing, requested, commanded and enjoined to do nothing, in order that the withers of the North may be wrung with the cry of Southern solidarity and the fear of Southern domination.

But even if this were not the case, the Republican party of North Carolina is

DEAD BEYOND ALL HOPE

of resurrection, as a party. Its mass of voters, only a little less than a majority under any circumstances, must ever remain a most important factor in any political struggle; but, as a party, they can neither be welded nor wielded effectually again. Many causes have combined to produce this result. While the devotion of its rank and file has survived to a wonderful degree the discouragement of continuous defeat, the leaders of the party have become thoroughly demoralized, or have entirely disappeared from public view, and their places have not been filled by any whose standing or capacity gives promise of success. The peculiar constitution of the party, with it overwhelming preponderance of ignorant and colored voters, renders it possible to predicate this much of its future. It may not have occurred to some of your readers that the Republican party of the State is not only without an organization, but also

WITHOUT THE POWER TO ORGANIZE.

The bonds which have united its leading men have never been of the strongest. The native and carpet-bag element, though they have sometimes worked smoothly together, have never been thoroughly fuzed. A latent hostility and distrust has shown itself on both sides. The union between them has been a truce, and not a treaty. This feeling of suspicion and jealousy has been enhanced almost to hostility by the open and bitter denunciation of some of the best and most serviceable workers in the party by native Republicans, because of their place of birth. The would-be leader of the frazzled fragment of that party in the last Legislature was wont to lard his boastful discourse with choice invectives against the "carpet-bagger;" and the former dominant leader and present

PURRING MARTYR OF THE PARTY,

who presides over the post office, in this city, has long been accustomed to find vent for his restless Machiavelianism in sly insinuation against his former allies. Ike Young has locked horns with Col. Shaffer, and counts as the strongest argument in his favor, that Shaffer is a carpet-bagger. The fight against Wheeler, Douglas, Lusk & Co., is waged declaredly upon the ground that they are the friends of carpet-baggers. Of course, these things must have an effect upon Mr. Chairman (?) Keogh and his *confreres*, of northern birth, who though few in number, cannot be said to have been lacking either in zeal, capacity or effectiveness. Besides this, the leadership of the party has sadly dwindled, both in numbers and efficiency. Settle has "got a soft thing," and gone to Florida; Major Smith, we fear, will never take part in political squables again; Pool is "chewing the cud of sweet and bitter fancies" on the scene of his former senatorial glories, a sort of Marius, sitting among the ruins of Carthage; Dockery seems to have crawfished into his hole, and drawn the orifice in after him; Judge Reade declines service; Russell has gone over to the greenbackers; Barringer has been hibernating for three years; the Rollinses, "Oh, where are they?" Judge Henry, always a marplot, dispenses his pungent expletives, first upon one side and then upon the other; Badger tried to carry Joe Turner through Rhamkatte, but could not bring the "Gaffligators" to the scratch; Young managed, with hard work, to prevent Granville going republican at the last election; Boyd, Tourgee and Henderson are still trying to decide which it is most unfortunate to be, a ku-klux, a carpet-bagger or an ass.

To supply the places of these defunct worthies, whom have they? Martin, the quiet, easy, thrifty-minded member from the first district; Cannady, who holds the custom house, and shouts for Sherman though the *Post*;

BUXTON, WHO SMILES AND SMILES;

Faircloth, who is satisfied with what he has had; Bynum, whose dignity would never allow him to work for the party which gave him office; and —— and—Ah! we had forgotten! and Everett, who having no brains to spare, beggars himself to give his new party a character, for which he has no need!

That a party thus officered can besuccessfully organized, is a moral impossibility. The more keen-sighted of its members already perceive this fact, and in it lies the danger of the Democratic party. That the successful candidate will be a Democrat, is more than probable; that he will be the nominee of the Democratic party, in convention assembled, is a matter of grave doubt. That there will be no Republican nomination, is very nearly a certainty.

* * *

EDUCATION AND CIVILIZATION.

Sir William Hamilton says, "Precisely as an author is in advance of his age, is it likely that his work will be neglected." Sir Joshua Reynolds also says, Present and future time may be regarded as rivals, and he who solicits the one, must expect to be discountenanced by the other." And as men are the creatures of the age in which they live, not its creators, it is not difficult to see why they should desire and court the flattery and condemnation of their own times more than that of succeeding ages. As a rule the outward institutions of a people may be taken as a fair index to the class of minds upon which these depend. The stone hatchet and arrow-head point is to an age of barbarism, the spear, short sword, and shield, to an advance in the arts, but too little more improvement in civilization. An agricultural implement would represent an age of husbandry, and a corresponding decrease in the war-like element, still, they all only indicate that necessity is the mother of invention, they have only reference to physical wants and are therefore only circumstancial evidences of a civilized, but not couclusive proof of an enlightened people. They would represent in a good degree of accuracy the state of the arts of that age, but before we can expect an advanced state of civilization or enlightenment, we must find the implements or evidences of mental cultivation.

If school-houses and other institutions of learning are wanting, it is an evidence that they are not demanded by the people or the genius of the age in which they lived. We claim now to be, not only a civilized, but an enlightened people, and yet we make more inventions in repeating rifles, revolvers, needle-guns, burglar-proof safes, and window locks, than scientific discoveries.

It would seem that from the time that cities and even whole countries were walled in to protect them from invasion, until the present the true theory of protection has not been well understood. Thousands of dollars are every year expended by the government to repair and build fortifications and to provide for the common defence, which may all be well enough, and yet it savors more of instinct than of reason; for if one half this money were expended in fortifying and properly training the minds of the rising generations, the country would have a much stronger support. A protection of iron and stone may be well enough in its way but for self-protection, even the fox may burrow in the earth and the beaver construct his dam, and if one half the time, energy, and money, had been sent by bygone generations in cultivating the mental in loyalty and love of country that has been expended, animal-like for phisical resistance or physical protection, we would now find more evidences of the former, and less attention paid to the latter.

The custom is, and always has been to legislate against the effects of ignorance, and to war with its consequences, while little has been done to eradicate it, or laws enacted to prevent it; but laws are of little avail without such a state of public sentiment as will insure their enforcement. The public mind must be educated up to a healthy standard or they remain dead letters on our statute books.

Never until centuries after education has become as general as ignorance has been, can we expect virture and integrity to be as general as vice and selfishness. One reason may be too short to exterminate the coarse undergrowth indiginous to a soil. Constant diligence and perseverance, year after year, can alone prevent the accumulation of briers and thistles, for the silken down that carries the seed of infection will still float in the atmosphere. And thus it must be with education in its unlimited sense, old prejudices and superstitions must be plowed under, and not only this but a more profitable crop must be planted in their stead. This we might suppose could be easily effected, but the accumulated evidence of two thousand years confirm it a difficult task, for with such tenacity does the mind cling to the dead traditions of the past, permanent reference are of slow growth, and require care and painstaking.

Bareback Riders.

A bang-up affair—a powder-mill explosion.—[Rome Sentinel.]

Parole bore away the laurel and didn't find the Lorillard to get.

Grant is coming at the rate of sixty s-miles per day.—[New York Expres.]

Nature can beat the circus man all to nothing in the backward-spring act.

There is a man on Arbor hill who is so infernal lazy that his friends say it is impossible to cut him to the quick, since he hasn't got any—[Albany Journal.

Eve was the first and we reckon the only woman who did not gather up her dress in both hands and yell at the sight of a snake.—[Ottawa (Kan.) Republican.

We would respectfully suggest our good friend, "The Fat Contributor," as a suitable person for minister from this country to the Fiji islands.—[Turner's Falls Reporter.

A needy-looking fellow, watching a man selecting a watermelon from a huge pile outside a Detroit grocery store, remarked: "I wish I had five cents to get a small melon; I haven't tasted one for over two years." The money was placed in his hand, and the giver had just found a melon to his mind when he spied the object of his charity coming out of a drinking shop. "I thought you wanted that money to buy a melon," said he. "So I did," was the reply. "I told you I hadn't tasted melon for over two years; but after reflecting, I found I hadn't tasted whisky for over three. Therefore, I gave whisky a chance to catch up with melon and start square. Nothing mean about me sir."—[Detroit Free Press.

The Talmage Trial.

The Brooklyn Daily Eagle in a lengthy editorial on the Talmage trial thus speaks of it: The trial is at last ended, and ought never to have been commenced, and the acquittal of Dr. Talmage is in accordance with justice. The vote in the aggregate was 25 for acquittal against 20 for conviction. As a rule, the elders followed their pastor like sheep, and most of those who voted against the Doctor, had prejudged him before the trial commenced.

Dr. Talmage's closing speech was marked by that lively wit and well balanced temper which are his characteristics. He showed no vindictiveness, but a perfect willingness to "shake hands "and be friends,' a spirit which was conspicuously absent in Brothers Van Dyke, Crosby and the rest. Dr. Talmage expressed thankfulness to his accusers for enlarging his work and giving increased power to his ministry. Unquestionably this trial has opened a wider field to a remarkable man, whose life at forty-seven years of age can show more hard work than that of all his enemies put together. One has only to go through the names of those who have sought to crush him and sum up the membership of their churches, to feel sure that they and their congregations might all be snugly packed at the same time in Dr. Talmage's lecture room. Their preaching may be Scriptural, but it is not attractive, and as he candidly told them, "I preach the best I can. You "could not stand to hear me preach, "and I would not for a salary of five "thousand dollars a year sit and hear "some of you preach."

A Few Recipes for the Ladies.

EGG SAUCE.—Boil three eggs hard, cut them into small squares and mix them in good butter sauce; make very hot and squeeze in some lemon juice before serving.

STINGS AND BITES.—Carbonate of soda, wet and applied externally to the bite of a spider, or any venomous creature, will neutralize the poisonous effect almost instantly. It acts like a charm in the case of snake-bite.

CURE FOR COLDS.—To make candied lemon or peppermint for colds, boil 1½ pounds of sugar in a half pint of water till it begins to candy round the sides; put in eight drops of essence; pour it upon buttered paper and cut it with a knife.

CROUP PREVENTIVE.—First get a piece of chamois skin, making it like a little bib, cut the neck and sew on tapes to tie it on; then melt together some tallow and pine tar; rub some of this in the chamois, and let the child wear it all the time. Renew with the tar occasionally.

TOOTHACHE.—For toothache take equal parts of camphor, sulphuric ether, ammonia, laudanum, tincture of cayenne and one-eighth part oil of cloves. Mix well together. Saturate with the liquid a small piece of cotton and apply to the cavity of the diseased tooth and the pain will cease immediately.

TO CLEANSE GLASS GLOBES.—If the globes on a gas fixture are much stained on the outside by smoke, soak them in tolerably hot water in which a little washing soda has been dissolved. Then put a teaspoonful of powdered ammonia in a can of luke-warm water, and with a hand brush scrub the globes until the smoke stains disappear. Rinse in clean, cold water. They will be as white as if new.

SNOW FLAKE PUDDING.—Half a box of gelatine, the whites of three eggs, sugar and vanilla to the taste. Soak the gelatine in enough cold water to cover it for an hour, then add a teacupful of boiling water. After it is dissolved add enough cold water to make a pint of it altogether. Strain this on a platter, put the whites of three eggs in it, and beat it until it is a stiff foam. When half beaten, stiffen with white sugar, add the vanilla to this, and finish beating; then put it in cups. When moulded in the cups turn them out and eat with cream.

LEMON MERINGUE.—Beat the yolks of six eggs with a patient beater until they are thick, and the juice of two lemons and their rind, grated, and a cup of sugar. Cook in a farina kettle. When the mixture begins to thicken, add the whites of the eggs, beaten till they stand alone. Line a deep dish with a sponge cake; pour in the mixture, and cover all with the beaten whites of two eggs, and four spoonfuls of sugar. Brown in a quick oven. This is a nice substitute for jelly cake.

INDIAN LOAF.—Take one pint of sour milk, one-half pint of sweet milk, one teacupful of molasses, one-half teacuptul butter, two teaspoonfuls of saleratus, one large teaspoonful of salt, three eggs, one pint of wheat flour, one quart of yellow Indian meal; bake in a deep tin basin, in an oven of same heat as for cake, for one and a half hours.

FISH FRITTERS.—Take the remains of any fish which has been served the preceding day, remove all of the bones and mince fine; add equal quantities of bread crumbs and mashed potatoes; stir in two beaten eggs; season with pepper and salt; add enough cream to make the mass of the proper consistency to mould into little balls, and fry them in boiling lard.

TO CURE A CORN.—Soak the feet and pare the corn down what it will allow without pain; then with a small brush a solution of gum arabic (such as is often kept for mucilage), dry it over by a fire till it will not stick to the stocking, and repeat this application at least once a day (at retiring is best), without removing the previous coating, for two or three weeks, or till the corn is missing.

Safe-Folded.

BY CAROLINE LESLIE.

Oh, it is hard, when o'er the face,
We scarce can see for weeping,
The little, loving baby face,
That last, still shade comes creeping;
Full hard to close the tender eyes,
And fold the hands for sleeping.

Yet, when the world our own would claim,
It doth not greatly grieve us;
We calmly see as days go by,
Our little children leave us—
And, smiling, heed not how the swift,
Soft-footed years bereave us.

Oh, mother-hearts! I count you rich
Beyond mere earth-possessing,
Whose little babies never grow
Away from your caressing—
Safe folded in His tender arms
Who gives again, with blessing.

Help.

My hands have often been weary hands,
Too tired to do their daily task;
And just to fold them for evermore
Has seemed the boon that was best to ask.

My feet have often been weary feet,
Too tired to walk another day;
And I've thought, "To sit and calmly wait
Is better far than the onward way,"

My eyes with tears have been so dim
That I have said, "I cannot mark
The work I do or the way I take,
For everywhere it is dark—so dark."

But oh, thank God! There never has come
That hour that makes the bravest quail:
No matter how weary my feet and hands,
God never has suffered my heart to fail.

So the folded hands take up their work,
And the weary feet pursue their way;
And all is clear when the good heart cries
"Be brave!—to-morrow's another day.

—*Harpers Weekly.*

The Last of John Brown's Raiders.

Rochester Union, May 5.

An aged man, with a strange, eventful history, was this morning discharged from the Monroe county jail, in which he had been confined two months on a charge preferred by his sister, of embezzling money owned by her. His name is Thomas H. Taylor, and he is about sixty-five years old. In his youth he studied law in this city with Judge Hastings, and was regarded as a man of uncommon ability as a lawyer, speaker and essayist. The event in his career that he is apt to be remembered longest by is that he was one of John Brown's followers when the latter made his memorable raid on Harper's Ferry. Taylor was with Brown all through that historic incident, and is said to be the sole survivor of old "Osawatomie's" companions. During the war he was in the Federal army and was twice taken prisoner, passing some of his time in Libby prison. Of late years his mind is said to have become impaired, and the action which resulted in his being arrested is attributed to that fact. He now makes Macedon his home.

SUNDAY AT HOME.

MATTERS TO THINK OVER AND DISCUSS TO-DAY.

Should things go ill with thee,
Nor murmer nor complain;
Repining at thy lot
Will but augment the pain.

And should thy friend prove false,
Forgive him and agree
If all were well with him
He would not anger thee.

And should thy love offend,
Love on with eager scorn,
The presence of the rose
Is witnessed by the thorn.

Fortune's Wheel.

"Turn, Fortune, turn thy wheel, and lower the proud;
Turn thy wild wheel through sunshine, storm and cloud—
Thy wheel we neither love nor hate.
"Turn, Fortune, turn thy wheel, with smile or frown;
With that wild wheel we go not up or down;
Our hoard is little, but our hearts are great.

"Smile, and we smile, the lords of many lands;
Frown, and we smile, the lords of our own hands,
For man is man, and master of his fate."

Tennyson.

Time's Changes.

Forty years ago missionaries were comparatively few; China, Japan and Hindostan raised their frowning walls against them; now they are welcomed by all the people and laboring successfully in every part of the habitable globe. Governments, too, in their spirit and tone, have changed within the past forty years, and have become more liberal and Christian. Within this period Queen Victoria has succeeded to the throne of England, and under her benificent rule the government has become more agressive, effective and liberal than under the reign of her predecessor. The French government has passed out of the hands of the Bourbons and from under Nepoleonic dynasty, through *coups d'etat* and many changes, until now it is in the hands of the people and a Republic similar to our own is their chosen form of government, and a Protestant Christianity is taking deep root in that newly prepared and prolific soil. The Pope has lost his temporal power and the gospel is freely introduced into Italy, and Protestant chapels and schools flourish beneath the very shadows of the Vatican. The petty and conflicting German Principalities have all been consolidated under the reign of a Protestant and Christian Sovereign. Forty years have produced a mighty change in the spirit and policy of Russian rule, and in the year 1863 the Czar, in imitation of our immortal Lincoln emancipated his twenty-three million serfs and his example is followed by Dom Pedro, the Emperor of Brazil. The arts, the sciences, and a higher and more enlightened civilization have been introduced into Japan and the islands of the sea. Thus the world moves and you will perceive that in response to the will of the people it moves in the direction of a more liberal policy and for the elevation of the masses. Not the King, but the Councellor, born often of the people, shapes the policy of a nation; Not William, but Bismarck; not Victor Emanuel or his son and successor Humbert, but Cavour, not Nicholas, but Gortschakoff; not Francis Joseph, but Andrassy; not Victoria, but Gladstone and Beaconsfield, guide the affairs of state, and in all this we see the hand of God and the finger of his providence pointing to the time when the kingdoms of this world are to become the kingdom of our Lord and of his Christ."

Let the Child be Joyful.

A child's mirth is easily aroused. How still is the house when the little ones are all asleep and their pattering feet are silent. How easily the fun of a child bubbles forth. Take even these poor, prematurely aged little ones bred in the gutter, cramped in unhealthy homes, and ill-used it may be by drunken parents, and you find the child-nature is not all crushed out of them. They are children still, albeit they look so haggard and wan. Try to excite their mirthfulness and ere long a laugh rings out as wild and as free as if there were no such thing as sorrow in the world. Let the little ones laugh, then—too soon, alas! they will find cause to weep. Do not try to silence them, but let their gleefulness ring out a gladsome peal, reminding us of the days when we, too could laugh without a sigh.

Notwithstanding Her Faults.

A spicy correspondent of the National Baptist writes about Shimei, who threw stones at David. He takes occasion to say a good word for the Christian Church: "Now, I will admit the Church has faults, and now I will admit that in great matters of right and wrong she has not always been in the fore front of the battle as she ought to have been. When the church is in this condition of indolence and cowardice she should have her conduct pointed out to her boldly by true and correct men who love her and who recognize her high mission and would urge her to fulfill it; but let not the church fall into the hands of buffoons and scoffers. There is a prodigious remove between manly old Nathan marching solemly to court to reprove the king for his misconduct, and Shimei skulking along the hedge venting ribaldry and flinging stones. Don't forget that the church is the bride of Christ. With all her faults she is a thousand times better than her traducers. Take any of the great moral reforms of the day, and whatever force they have to run them comes from Christian Churches. But for the moral force generated by Christianity, there never would be any temperance reform, there never would be any emancipation of the slave; there never would be any recognition of popular rights by the strong hand of power. And yet, those who get the most benefit from this force find abundance of time to shy stones at the Churches and the ministry.

A Great Preachers Poverty.

Jonathan Edwards, by general consent, holds the first place among the original thinkers of America. Mr. Parton, who has no sympathy with his religious views, says of him: "Upon every person reared since his day in New England he has made a discernable impression and he influences to this day thousands who never heard his name. But this wonderful preacher fought a hard battle with penury in his last years, and was often sorely perplexed to find food for his large family. Dismissed from his church in Northampton, over which he had been pastor for over a quarter of a century, he removed to Stockbridge to labor among the Indians. He was obliged to support his family on a mere pittance. In this secluded spot he wrote his treatise on the "Freedom of the Will," which is regarded as a masterpiece in theological literature. So great was his poverty at that time that the treatis was written largely on the backs of letters and the blank pages of pamphlets as paper was beyond his means to purchase. His daughters, who were all women of superior mental powers, worked hard that they might add something to the family resources.

Wastes of Intemperance.

Alcohol, which enters into the formation of all spirituous beverages and is the reason of their use, is the product extracted by fermentation or distillation from cereals and the vine. The use of these materials results in waste. In 1867 in the distillation of 74,472,442 gallons of spirituous liquor 27,000,000 bushels of grain were used, or the equivalent of 5,500,000 barrels of flour Forty pounds of flour make sixty pounds of bread, which would therefore make 405,000,000 four-pound loaves or 47 1-3 loaves to each family in the U. S. If these loaves were used as cobble stones a street one hundred and seven yards wide and six hundred and seventy-five yards long could be paved therewith. Taking an average of five hundred loaves to the load we would have eight hundred and ten thousand loads. So far for waste of material; now as to money misspent. In England, from 1865 to 1870, £514,842,345, equaling $2,500,000,000 was expended, or thrice the annual income of the railways of the Kingdom, twice the capital of the savings banks and one and a half times that of the national revenues, and fifty times that of the religious and philanthropic societies. In America the figures are equally startling—$596,000,000. Taking the cost per pupil for educating young children at $13.25 it would cost $59,997,175; support of paupers, $10,930,429; taxes of all kinds, $280,591,521; wages of builders, $49,741,376; ironworkers, $73,377,976; clothing, $98,837,559; agricultural implements, $12,151,504, or a total of $585,277,548, we have a balance of $10,000,000 more spent for liquor than all the other expenditures and burdens. This sum would provide church sittings for 16,893,309 persons at an average expenditure of $2,000 for each church editice. Now as to waste of time. In New York City there are 5,203 liquor stores that receive daily 697,202 visits, averging fifteen minutes each. Summed up, this amounts to 174,300 hours, or twenty years used up in one day in one city.

Grin and Endure It.

Every one comes during the course of life to be pummelled. Some slander comes to you horned and tusked and hoofed to trampled and gore you, and you think you are peculiar in that respect. No; all those who live godly in Christ Jesus must suffer prosecution. If you are able to say "I have not an enemy in all the world" it is proof positive that you have not done your duty, for when a man does his duty he challenges all earth and hell. That challenge will bring against himopposition and persecution. Dr. Johnson called Whitfield a mountebank. Good Christian John Foster writes of Robert Hill, saying, "He is a mere actor, and when he talks about heaven the smile on his face is the reflection of his own vanity." John Wesley was carricatured, yet his name is mightier than any other name except the name that is above every name—the name of Christ. Can you expect to escape slander? You will not. Are you going to hunt up the slanderer? You will only come out irritated and exasperated. Take courage of the text, "Go and tell Jesus."

A Prison Incident.

A very remarkable scene was presented in Auburn prison a while ago, when Marie Roze-Mapleson, the well known prima donna, visited the institution and sang in the presence of nearly all the inmates, embracing upwards of twelve hundred convicts. An incident of this character has occurred but once before, and that was on the occasion of the visit of Jenny Lind. A letter from one of the gentlemen present depicts the scene as extremely touching. On the arrival of Marie Roze, she desired know if all the prisoners, were present and being answered in the negative by Keeper Wells, she requested that even those who might be in solitary confinement as a special privilege, be permitted come in the chapel and join the other convicts in listening to the music which she proposed to sing. The request was accorded, and the poor fellows, some of them for the first time in many years were permitted not only to look once more on the face of a beautiful woman, but hear again from an accomplished ariste the sweet notes that reminded hem of the innocent days of youth. The chief selections of Mme. Roze were "Sweet Spirit, Hear my Prayer" and "The Sweet By and By," and the writer of the letter states that even the most hardened criminals were stirred to tears. After this the fair cantatrice made a tour of the institution, the prisoners meanwhile being retained in the chapel; and on her return sang the old familiar air "Comin' Thro' the Rye." Meanwhile some of the most intelligent of the convicts had been permitted to prepare a testimonial of thanks, which was duly signed and presented to the lady. It closed with the following quotation:

"God sent his singers upon earth,
With songs of sadness and of mirth,
That they might touch the hearts of men
And bring them back to heaven again."

There can be little doubt that every one of these twelve hundred prisoners worked with cheerier hearts all that day and the poor fellows in solitary confinement, especially will for a long time, recall and enjoy this fresh ray of sunlight.—*Interior.*

Limit Your Wants.

From the nature of things, the income of most inhabitants of the earth must be limited, and indeed, within very narrow bounds. The product of labor throughout the world, if equally divided, would not make the share of each individual large. It is impossible that every one should be called rich, but it is by no means impossible to be independent. And what is the way to compass this—as Burns appropriately designates it—"glorious privilege?" The method is very simple. It consists of one rule: Limit your wants; make them few and inexpensive. To do this would interfere but little with your real enjoyment. It is mostly a matter of habit. You require more or you require less, just as you have accustomed yourself to one or the other. Limit your wants, estimate the cost and never exceed it, taking pains to always keep it inside your income. Thus you will secure your lasting independence. Young men, think of this. A great deal of the happiness of your lives depend upon it. After having made your money, spend it as you choose, honestly, but be sure to make it first.

We are too hard on people when they disappoint us. And that love which can look at the bare boughs patiently, believing that they will one day be clothed again, is the nearest approach to Divine love. * * * Don't you often wonder that God has patience with our impatience? If the same sun that ripens the corn, fosters the weeds, what is that to you?

"The chief value of political liberty is the scope it affords for social improvement.—*Tuckerman.*

Casualty in Jackson

Asheville Citizen.

On the 27th ult. a negro man named Love Grant committed a heinous offence upon the person of a white girl named Watson, 12 years of age, living two miles from Webster in Jackson county. On the next day a party of young men in Webster was being formed to pursue and capture the negro fiend, when a young man Frizzell, son of James Frizzell, accidentally dropped a pistol upon the floor which exploded, the ball passing upwards through his body and causing his death the next afternoon at 4 o'clock. The deceased was a young man highly respected in the community.

The negro has not yet been caught, and when last seen was making his way towards Asheville. He stands bound over to the present term of the Federal Court at this place for violation of the revenue laws.

Some men never lose their presence of mind. In New York a man threw his mother-in-law out of a window in the fifth story of a burning building and carried a feather bed down stairs in his arms.

Of course no woman ever did such a thing, but suppose now for the sake of argument, as it were, that a woman were to go to church for the purpose of showing off her new sacque, would it be sac-religious, so to speak?—[Boston Traveler.

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DR. TUTT has succeeded in combining in these pills the heretofore antagonistic qualities of a STRENGTHING, PURGATIVE, and a PURIFYING TONIC.

Their first apparent effect is to increase the appetite by causing the food to properly assimilate. Thus the system is nourished, and by their tonic action on the digestive organs, regular and healthy evacuations are produced.

The rapidity with which PERSONS TAKE ON FLESH while under the influence of these pills, indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, melancholy, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and imparting health & strength to the system. Sold everywhere.

Price 25 cents.
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ROME, GA., April 17, 1879.
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we can confidently say they are unsurpassed by any other brands to be had for the same price; and will certainly give entire satisfaction to those who do not fancy paying the figures which Patent Flour must command to induce its manufacture.

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Fig. 1

Fig. 2 Dial Plate

Fig. 3

Saws, prices, &c.

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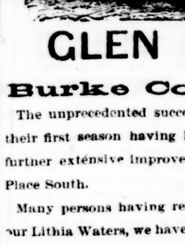

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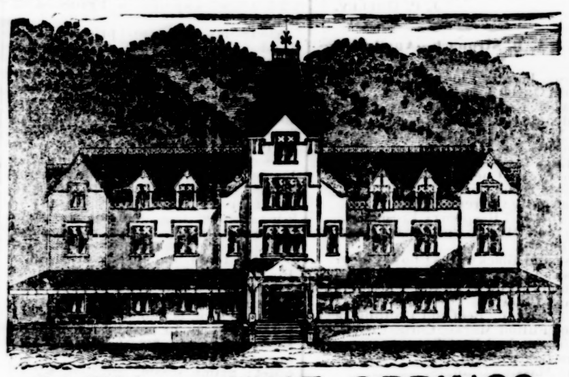

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An entirely new and varied stock of Furniture of the latest designs, Chamber Sets, Parlor Sets, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Tables, Safes, Book Cases, Lounges, Bedsteads, Chairs, Hat Racks, Bureaus, Mattresses, &c. Having purchased our entire stock for Cash, we are able to offer greater inducements than any house in this section, and guarantee to sell as cheap as the goods can be bought in New York or Cincinnati. Our house is the largest in the South, and we therefore can give the largest assortment to select from, and offer superior inducements in freights. sept 2

TO THE AFFLICTED.

French's Arnica Liniment is the best known for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the back and side, Headache, &c., &c. It never fails to give immediate relief. Manufactured by

WM. E. FRENCH,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Petersburg, Va.

For sale by Wm. Simpson and F. H. Heartt, druggists, Raleigh, N. C. nov 1-d6m

---

I offer for sale a Handsome CHESTNUT MARE, fine running walker under saddle and no better roadster in hardness either single or double, 16 hands, stylish and an easy driver.

Also, a fine BAY SADDLE HORSE 5 years old, 15½ hands, fearless.

Also, and better, a fine BAY HARNESS HORSE, 6 years old, 15½ hands, fast trotter best in the city, not afraid of anything, warranted sound, true and kind in all harness.

The above Horses are consigned and will be pleased to have parties to examine them

W. C. McMACKIN

DIXIE SOAP.

P. J. CREW & CO,
Richmond, Va.,

Manufacture all the standard varieties of
LAUNDRY SOAPS,
Which they offer at lowest prices
TRY OUR DIXIE SOAP.

XANTHINE.

Prof. Hertz's Great German Hair Restorative. The best preparation for the Hair now known. It gradually restores gray hair to its natural color, producing a luxurient growth, eradicates scruff and dandruff, cures all diseases of the scalp, prevents the hair from falling out and relieves neuralgia in the head and headache. Try it. Prepared by XANTHINE CO., Richmond, Va., and for sale by all Druggists.

BECKWITH'S
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILLS

These Pills will prevent and cure dyspepsia. They are an unrivalled Dinner Pills, mild aperient, and admirably adapted as a Family Medicine. They are used by the most cultivated people in our country, and are extensively used by Physicians in their practice. Sold by Druggists generally. Send for circular. E. K. BECKWITH, Sole Manufacturer, Petersburg, Va.

Emma A. Dr. S. L. & J. A. Niedlet.
St. Louis, Mo.

Say: Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef is a very agreeable article of diet, and particularly useful when tonics are required being tolerated when other forms of animal food are rejected. In Diptheria, Malarial Typhoid Fevers, Weakness, and every depressing disease, we have prescribed it with great success. Sold by all druggists.

AGENTS—READ THIS

We will pay Agents a salary of $140 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions. We mean what we say. Sample free. Address SHERMAN & Co., Marshall, Mich.

$7 A DAY to Agents canvassing for the Fireside Visitor. Terms and outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$77 a month and expenses guaranteed to agents. Outfit free. SHAW & Co., Augusta Maine

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LAGER BEER

I respectfully call attention of my friends, patrons and the public generally of the south to

MY NEW, UNADULTERATED AND HEALTHY LAGER,

brewed purely of malt and hops, by the Vienna method and expressly for exportation.

JACOB SIEGE
2315 German street, Baltimore, Md
d-1y

NO MORE
RHEUMATISM
OR GOUT
ACUTE OR CHRONIC
SALICYLICA
SURE CURE.

A trade-mark, by the

EUROPEAN SALICYLIC MEDICINE COMPANY,

OF PARIS AND LEIPZIG.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF WARRANTED. PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED. Now exclusively used by all celebrated Physicians of Europe and America, becoming a Staple, Harmless, and Reliable Remedy on both continents. The Highest Medical Academy of Paris reports 95 cures out of 100 cases within three days. Secret—The only dissolver of the poisonous Uric Acid which exists in the blood of Rheumatic and Gouty Patients. $1.00 a Box; 6 Boxes for $5.00, sent to any Address on receipt of price. Endorsed by Physicians. Sold by all Druggists. Address,

WASHBURNE & CO.,
ONLY IMPORTERS' DEPOT, 7 CLIFF ST. NEW YORK.

For sale by Williams & Haywood, Pescud, Lee & Co., Druggists, Raleigh, N. C.
nov 28-eod 1 y

WHEN ANY MAN

feels sick with

COLD CHILLS, FEVER FLUSHES, HEADACHE and general uncomfortableness,

and yet

DON'T KNOW EXACTLY WHAT AILS HIM, then is the time to take

MOTT'S PILLS.

These pills are made of certain ingredients that act specially on the Liver, and at the same time expel all impurities from the stomach and system, aiding digestion, and RESTORING TO HEALTH,

when all other remedies fail.

Take them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Costiveness, Liver Complaints, and all diseases and disorders of the stomach.

As a family cathartic pill they are warranted.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
8 COLLEGE PLACE, N. YORK.

DR. ALLEN'S

Dr. J. E. Allen

LIGHTNING CURE,

THE STANDARD REMEDY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Cholera, Cholic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Pleurisy, Lame Back, Pains in the side,

LIVER AND KIDNEY DISEASES.

CURE OF

DEAFNESS A Specialty.

No Iodides nor Mercury. Nothing to paralize the nervous system to make it insensible to pain, but purely a vegetable compound—Roots and Herbs. None genuine without my Portrait and Signature.

For sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Wholesale Druggists, Raleigh, N. C.
april 11-d3m

ATHENS, GA., December 8, 1878.

A few nights since I gave my son one dose of the Worm Oil, and the next day he passed sixteen large worms. At the same time I gave one to my little girl, four years old, and she passed eighty-six worms from four to fifteen inches long.

W. F. PHILLIPS,

Worm Oil for sale by Druggists generally, and by E. S. LYNDON & SON, 12 Marsh Street, Atlanta, Ga. 1y

---

B. B. Massenburg,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

LOUISBURG, N. C.

Office in the Court House.
1y

FARM WAGONS

We have the largest Stock (of our own manufacture) of Wagons, Carts, &c., in North Carolina. We use none but **Extra Qualities of Material** at our Wagon Works and we respectfully solicit an inspection of our wagons and carts. Our assortment comprises every size of Wagons from the lightest **One-Horse** to the heaviest **Six-Horse**, &c. We warrant all our work and make prices as low as the lowest. Repairing done at lowest rates.

JULIUS LEWIS & CO
F SHER
dware Merchants,
&G, RALEIGH, N. C.

Wagon Works East Hargett Street.
apl 21-tf.

J. C. BREWSTER,

HEADQUARTERS FOR HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, ETC.

Wagon and Buggy MATERIAL
Horse and Mule Shoes.
IRON and STEEL.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, PAINTS, OILS GLASS NAILS ETC.

RALEIGH, N. C.

ALWAYS ASK FOR
ESTERBROOK'S STEEL PENS

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

NEW-YORK OFFICE, 26 JOHN ST.
WORKS, CAMDEN, N. J.

SAMPLES AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
W. T. BLACKWELL & Co.
DURHAM, N. C.

FOR PLEASURE, COMFORT, HEALTH SMOKE THE OLD
ORIGINAL BRAND OF DURHAM TOBACCO
BLACKWELL'S
GENUINE DURHAM
SMOKING TOBACCO
SEE THAT IT BEARS THE TRADE MARK OF THE BULL
TAKE NO OTHER.
POPULAR BECAUSE RELIABLE

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER AND SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families

DR. PRICE'S

UNIQUE PERFUMES are the Gems of All Odors.
TOOTHENE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice.
LEMON SUGAR. A Substitute for Lemons.
EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From Pure Root.

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.
The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati

F. GRUENDLER,

MANUFACTURER OF

FINE CIGARS,

AND DEALERS IN

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOS, Pipes, and Smokers' Articles in General.

The Door above the Yarboro House.

P. O. Box 250, RALEIGH, N. C.

Orders from abroad solicited and promptly attended to.

Spring Announcement!

We beg to announce that our stock of Spring and Summer Goods is complete, and are prepared more so now than ever to offer goods at exceedingly low prices. We quote:

Prints from 5 cents up.
Solid Colored Delaine at 15 cents.
Piques, Bleached and Brown Domestics from 5 cents up.
We are selling a Cambric equal to the Lonsdale Cambric at 10 cents per yard.
Ladies' Linen Suits and Ulsters, made up in the very latest style, sold from $2.25 up to $10.
Parasols of all sizes and quality from 15 cents up.

Our Stock of Shoes
for Ladies, Misses and Children, and also for Gentlemen, is complete.

Our Clothing Department
is larger than ever, and we are exhibiting some of the prettiest line of these goods ever brought to this market, and selling them at unprecedented low figures to suit the trade. A full assortment of

Straw and Black Kinaw Hats, also Fur and Wool Hats.

We are Agents for the sale of the celebrated

Pearl Dress Shirts,
the price of which is only $1.00, worth $1.50, and considered by every one that ever tried one to be the cheapest shirt ever offered to the public. Don't buy any Shirts unless you see them stamped "Pearl."

Orders from a distance promptly attended to by addressing

L. ROSENTHAL & CO.,
Nos. 50 and 51 Fayetteville Street,
And Exchange Place,
apl 17-d3m Raleigh, N. C.

E. P. GREEN,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

WARRENTON, N. C.

Practices in the courts of Warren and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of the State.

Orders on collections strictly complied with, and remittances promptly made.

Refers by permission to: Warren Savings Bank, and Old North State Insurance Company, Warrenton, N. C. -6) a25

THE KENDALL Patent Shingle Machine.

Makes from 20,000 to 30,000 perfect, shaved shingles per day, from the bolts, with three hands and four horse power. Makes shingles faster, better and cheaper, than can be done by any other means. Simple, strong, direct cuting, not liable to wear or breakage, it is the most valuable wood working machine ever invented. Patented February 7th 1879. For sale, by State rights only.

Address,
A. W. TOURGEE, Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

Valuable Property for Sale.

Eighty building lots in the city of Greensboro. Fine situations, low prices, easy terms. Now is the time to buy houses in this pleasant and growing city, which is sure to become, at an early day, the railroad and manufacturing center of the State. For terms and particulars, apply to J. D. White, Postmaster, Greensboro, N. C., or A. W. Tourgee, Raleigh, N. C.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

NEW STORE.

NEW GOODS.

Linens and White Goods a Specialty.

M. ROSENBAUM

Will on the third of May occupy the Dr. Fab Haywood Mansion, Fayetteville street one door above the Express Office as a store, and will offer for sale a select assortment of white and colored Table Damask, white and colored Table Napkins, Russian and American Crashes, Turkish bath Towels, fine Damask Towels, best quality Huck Toweling, best quality Irish Linen ¾ 4-4 5-4 6-4 10-4 and 12-4 sheetings, Bleached and Brown Domestic, Cambrics, Lawns; Nainsooks, Bed Ticking all widths up to 10-4 Bed Quilts best assortment, Finest Marsales Quilts, Plaid and striped Piques, &c.,

Cotton, Irish and German Linen Handkerchiefs white and colored with Borders, Notions, Gloves, Corsets, Emb. Edgen Trimming, and many more articles to numerous to mention.

He respectfully asks for a share of the public patronage and invites the Ladies to call and examine his select and varied stock all of which will be sold at exceedingly low prices for cash.

RICHMOND.

from Sixth to Seventh

RICHMOND.

ENGINES portable and stationary, SAW MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS of BRASS and IRON, FORGINGS &c. MACHINERY for Gold and Coal Mines Blast Furnaces &c.

We call special attention to our IMPROVED PORTABLE ENGINE, for agricultural and other purposes. The Boilers of our Agricultural Engines are provided with our PATENT PREMIUM SPARK ARRESTERS, a device by which the Sparks are forced to pass downward over a reservoir of water and effectually extinguished without the use of wire gauze. Our is the only arrangement of this kind which affords free access to the boiler tubes for cleaning from each end. Also, to our new styles SMALL LOCOMOTIVES for hauling lumber and other articles upon scamways and narrow guage railways.

The best Planters regard our GINNING ENGINES superior to any in use. Send for illustrated Catalogue free. Other things being equal encourage Southern institutions.

Repair work solicited and promptly done. Shafting, Pulleys, &c., for Gin Houses.

"Manufacturers of Jones' patent Tobacco Bump Machines to work by hand or power."

WM. E. TANNER & CO.

R. R. BAUGHAM, Rich Square, N. C.
Gen'l Agent in Eastern North Carolina.

GEN. J. J. WHITEHEAD, Agent
RALEIGH, N. C.

D. S. WAITT & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in

Ready-Made Clothing,

Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Notions, Hosiery, Gloves, Trunks and Valises,

32 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

WALTER CLARK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in the State and Federal Courts
Collections made in any part of the State.
Office in Badger Building, corner Fayetteville and Martin Streets.

Street's National Hotel,

CAPITOL SQUARE,
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

S. . STREET & SON,
OWNERS AND PROPRIETORS.

OVERLOOKS UNION AND CAPITOL SQUARE.

Finest Park in the State, and open at all times to Guests of the House.

THE GASTON HOUSE,

NEW BERNE, N. C.,

S. R. STREET & SON, Proprietors.

S. R. STREET, SR. WM. J. STREET.
april 2-3m

Valuable Roanoke Land FOR SALE.

BY decree of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, we will sell at the courthouse door in Jackson, Northampton county, N. C.

On Tuesday, Jun 3, 1879,

that valuable tract of land in said county of Northampton, known as "POLENTA," containing

2,300 Acres, More or Less

adjoining lands of Dr. Jacobs and others.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest.

JNO. DEVEREUX,
WALTER CLARK, } Comm'rs.
April 3—2m

Bricks and Rubble Stone FOR SALE.

manufactured by the Board of Directors to sell at to lowest market price, for cash, any bricks or rubble stone belonging to this Institution. Any person wishing to buy either brick or stone will please call at this office.

W. J. HICKS,
ARCH'T & WARDEN.
N. C. State Penitentiary.
125-1m—

PENITENTIARY CONVICTS

All corporations, or others, entitled by law to the use of convict labor and who are now ready to receive and support the same will please notify this office at once. All parties will cite the law under which the convicts are claimed so that the Board of Directors may be able to determine what works have the preference.

By order of the Board.
W. J. HICKS,
ARCH'T & WARDEN.
N. C. State Penitentiary.

NEW BUTTER

We have received the first shipment, for this season, of

New Northern Butter,

DIRECT FROM THE DAIRY,

Fresh, and of Fine Quality: and will Receive Supplies Every Week.

A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

EVERYTHING in the WAY OF GROCERIES,
—AND—
FAMILY SUPPLIES,
OF THE BEST QUALITY.

☞ **We never allow ourselves to be undersold.**

HARDIN & MOORE,
HOLLEMAN BUILDING.
ap 1-tf

W. F. ASKEW.

MANUFACTURER OF

BOOK, NEWS, MANILLA and COLORED

PAPER;

We have also a full srpply of

WRAPPING PAPER,

Which we are selling cheap for CASH—

All Sizes.

☞ **Correspondence Solicited.**

C. T. ASKEW,
may7-tf Secretary and Treasurer.

H. J. MYERS.

DEALER IN

FINE LIQUORS

—AND—

DOMESTIC & IMPORTED CIGARS.

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Between Gulley's and the Citizens' National Bank, Hardin & Grimes' old Stand.

The following fine brands of Liquors are kept constantly on hand:

Old Nectar, 1866, Whiskies.
Gibson XXXX "
Gibson XXX "
Roberson County, (6 years old.)
Old Kentucky Rye, (5 years old.)
Old Hennessy Brandy, Imported Stock.
Genuine Port Wine, our own importation
Schiedam Gin, very fine.
Blackberry Brandy, (4 years old.)
Apple Brandy, (4 years old.)
Old N. C. Corn Whisky, Sweet Mash.

Also will have in stock, Imported Ales Porters, Dublin, Stout, Milwaukee and St Louis Bottled Lager Beer, Champagnes and Wines of all descriptions too numerous to mention.

Attached to my establishment, I have added a retail

Cigar & Tobacco Department,

in which can be found all brands of DOMESTIC and HAVANA CIGARS.

DAILY NEWS

SUNDAY, - - - - - - MAY 11, 1879.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, May 11.

For the South Atlantic States northeast to southeast winds, falling barometer, and slightly warmer or partly cloudy weather.

Index to New Advertisements.

Mrs. Sallie E. Bryan—For sale.
D. G. Fowle—Mortgage sale.
Yeargan, Petty & Jones—Dry goods.
J. W. Watson—Local notice.
D. T. Johnson—Local notice.
LATTA & MYATT—Local notice.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Strawberries only 12½ cents for a whole quart.

—The public are after the women in the First Ward that snatched the little innocent boy baldheaded.

—A regular meeting of Wm. G. Hill Lodge to-morrow night at eight o'clock.

—The young men of the city are invited to meet in Edenton Street Church at 5 o'clock p. m.

—Mrs. Moon will preach in Edenton Street Church at 11 o'clock a. m., and at 8 p. m. Seats free. All are invited to attend.

—We are glad to see Mr. Ashley of the firm of Kingsley & Ashley, on the the streets again after his recent severe illness.

—An exchange says: "You can't advertise enough in a week to last a whole year, any more than you can eat enough in seven days to last three hundred and sixty-five."

—They come straggling in from the Richmond excursion in little batches, and the rear guard arrived last night. The hero of the occasion is with us again.

—Miss Painter will give a Bible reading at Edenton Street Church on Tuesday 13th, at 10 a. m., for Christian women only. Ladies of the different churches are invited to attend. Be prompt and bring your Bibles.

—Mr. Leo. D. Heartt has been called to Newbern by a telegram announcing the dangerous illness of his lovely little daughter, Mamy, who is on a visit to relatives in that city. The many friends of the family will be glad to learn that a telegram from him yesterday states that there is a change for the better.

—The State Medical Society o North Carolina will hold its twenty-sixth annual session in Greensboro, on Tuesday, the 20th of May, 1879. The railroads will pass members and visitors for one fare, but return tickets must be bought, or full fare will be charged both ways. The Board of Medical Examiners will meet at the same time and place.

Attention, Raleigh Light Infantry.

You are ordered to meet at the Armory Monday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, in full dress uniform. By order of the Captain.

Confirmation.

Bishop Lyman is expected to administer confirmation and to preach this morning in St. Augustine's Chapel in this city. Services at 11 o'clock.

Arizona and India.

The NEWS presents to-day a fine instance of how very accessible all parts of the world are becoming. In one column is a special dispatch on the opening of two hundred miles of railroad in Arizona on the second transcontinental route. In another is an editorial summarizing a letter to the NEWS from India, announcing the completion of the great Indus Valley Railroad.

Internal Revenue.

Collections and Deposits of Internal Revenue in Fourth Collection District, North Carolina, for the week ending May 10, 1879:

Monday,	$17,377 58
Tuesday,	2,828 06
Wednesday,	14,164 60
Thursday,	15,142 45
Friday,	2,120 20
Saturday,	1,126 02
Total,	$52,758 91

At the Yarboro.

John Smith, Sr., New York; W. S. Shields, Balto.; Henry Steilina, New York; James Mutlen, N. C.; H. C. Whitted, and Mrs. M. D. Wilson, Hillsboro; W. Alex. Bass, and G. W. Bartett, New York; Col. Whitford, N. C.; A. J. Ruffin, New York; Edward D. Herring; and Geo. W. Graffiin, Balto.; C. F. Dowd, Wake Co.; P. P. Peace, Shepherd's Rest; W. P. Roberts, Gates Co.; E. F. Lamb, Camden Co.; Rev. Jno. Kicman, E. City.; Davis Corprew, Norfolk.; W. W. Morrisetts, Camden Co.; F. E. Simpson, Balto.; Alex. Hofkeimer, Norfolk; J. W. Edney, N. C.;

Comparative Movements of Cotton in Raleigh.

Receipts for week ending May 9th, 1879.	91	bales
Same time last year	332	"
Decrease in receipts for week this year	241	"
Receipts for same week in year 1877,	328	"
Whole receipts from 1st. Sept. to date	45,854	"
Same time last year	42,999	"
Increase in receipts this year to date	2,855	"

Receipts have been very light with an active market and advance in prices.

The Pulpits To-Day.

Person Street M. E.—Services 11 a. m., and 8 p. m., by Miss Painter.

Edenton Street M. E.—11 a. m., by Rev. Dr. Black and 8 p. m., by Mrs. Moon.

First Presbyterian—11 a. m., and 8 p. m., by Rev. Mr. Watkins, the pastor.

Second Presbyterian—11 a. m., and 4 p. m., by Rev. J. M. Atkinson, the pastor. This church for the present holds services in the chapel of the Deaf and Dumb Institute.

Christ Church—Rev. Dr. M. M. Marshall, 11 a. m., and 5 p. m.

Church of the Good Shepherd—Rev. E. R. Rich, 11 a. m., and 8 p. m.

Salisbury Street Baptist—Rev. Dr. Pritchard—11 a. m., and 8 p. m.

Swain Street Baptist—Rev. W. R. Gwaltney, 11 a. m., and 8 p. m.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Lyman will (dv.) visit the Church of the Good Shepherd this evening at 8 o'clock, when he will preach and administer the Holy and Apostolic rite of confirmation.

Seats all free, and the public cordially invited.

Board of Aldermen.

There was a called meeting of the Board of Aldermen last evening which resulted in the election of the following gentlemen:

Clerk—C. W. Lambeth.
Tax Collector—A. D. Royster.
Chief Police—J. W. Lee.
Street Commissioner—W. N. Andrews.
Treasurer—Leo. D. Heartt.
Auditor—C. C. Crow.
City Attorney—Fab. H. Busbee.
Janitor—W. C. Carter.
Keeper of Market—C. B. Fowler.
Commissioner of Sinking Fund—W. E. Anderson.
Police—J. W. Mullen, Mart Thompson, J. W. Beasley, J. M. Betts, J. R. Ferrell, J. J. Lewis, George Upchurch, W. A. Price.
Chairman of Finance Committee—John C. Blake.
Chairman of Street Committee—John H. McAllister.
Chairman of Light Committee—P. B. Fleming.

No other business demanding the immediate action of the Board, they adjourned until the regular meeting to-night, Wednesday, the 14th inst.

Memorial Day—Order of the Ceremonies.

The following programme will be observed next Monday:

The procession will form at 3 p. m. in front of the court house, with head of column resting on Martin street, and will move promptly at 3:30 o'clock, in the following order, to the Confederate cemetery:

Marshal and Assistants.
Thompson's Silver Cornet Band.
Raleigh Light Infantry.
Raleigh Light Artillery.
Rescue Fire Company.
Chemical Fire Company.
Hook and Ladder Company.
Ex-Confederate Soldiers.
Citizens on foot.
Carriage with the Orator of the Day and Chaplain.

On arrival at the cemetery the following exercises will take place:

Music.
Prayer by the Rev. W. S. Black.
Music.
Oration by Col. Ed. Graham Haywood.
Music.
Decoration.
Firing salute by Infantry and Artillery.

Ex-Confederate soldiers are especially requested to form in the procession. If the weather should be too inclement the exercises will take place at Metropolitan Hall. JOEL D. WHITAKER, Chief Marshal.

The Mendelssohn Quintette Club.

We are gratified in being able to announce the appearance of this celebrated club once more in our city, on the occasion of their return from their very successful southern tour. They appear at Tucker Hall, on Wednesday evening, the 21st inst., accompanied by the charming soprano, Mrs. H. F. Knowles. We deem it unnecessary to say aught in commendation of the performances of the Mendelssohn Quintette Club, they being admittedly the highest representatives of the art of music in America, and having enjoyed a continuous existence of twenty-nine years. The manner in which they were received by our citizens on the occasion of their former visit, a few months ago, led to this second visit, and we feel satisfied the expectations of the club will be fully realized. During their Southern tour they have met with unprecedented success; and the following extracts from a few of our cotemporaries will show the manner of their reception and what was thought of their performances:

A Norfolk cotemporary says: Last night the Opera House was packed by one of the most fashionable audiences ever gathered there. Ladies filled the dress circle, parquette, orchestra chairs, and even the gallery, where scores of them found seats, which they were unable to obtain in the lower portion of the house. Norfolk and Portsmouth turned out in force to hear the famous Quintette Club, and the performances fully justified all that has been said of them. Each performer seemed to be a perfect master of his instrument. Mrs. Knowles has a splendid voice and soon won the hearts of her audience. She was encored twice.

The Chattanooga Times says: "The largest audience, with one exception, that ever gathered in James' Hall, was present last night to listen to the Mendelssohn Quintette Club. It was such an audience as every Chattanoogan could afford to be proud of. Every nook and corner of the paraquette was packed, and away up in the gallery the brilliant throng of ladies and gentlemen drank in the sweet music. When the curtain rose, and the first sound of the overture filled the hall, the immense throng was hushed to perfect silence, broken only by the enthusiasm that burst forth at the conclusion of each piece. Mrs. Knowles is not only a beautiful woman, but a charming vocalist, with a pure mezzo-suprano of great tenderness and flexibility. Her excellent vocalization will not be forgotten by our people."

The Augusta (Ga.) *Chronicle* says: "The good taste of the people of Augusta led them to give the Boston Quintette Club another crowded house at the matinee yesterday. It is seldom that they have the opportunity to enjoy such a genuine treat of art music—music rendered by those who have made it a lifelong study, and arrived at a degree of excellence attainable only by devoting themselves assiduously to it, but have natural talents—and talents of the very highest order—as well. * * It is not often that such perfection is found in a musical club—perfection as a whole and perfection in every individual part.—The overtures and quartettes are master pieces of skill and harmonious blending of sound, while the solos, on whatever instrument performed, are exquisite productions." Admission—Reserved seats, 75 cents; Orchestra, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

The "Baby's Best Friend" is Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup since it maintains the baby's health by keeping it free from Colic, Diarrhœa, etc. Price 25 cts.

For Sale.

One "Miller's" safe (No. 7), as good as new; only been in use two years; will be sold at a greatly reduced price.
LATTA & MYATT.

At Watson's.

Fine large salt herrings, pickled beef, N. C. and sugar cured hams and shoulders, flour, meal, sugars of all grades, cigars and tobacco, all of the very best.

At Watson's.

Excellent pickles, chow-chow, prepared mustard and catsup by the measure, and a good supply of canned goods generally, all going very cheap.

D. T. Johnson.

Wholesale grocer and commission merchant, Wilmington street, 2 doors north Market, is constantly receiving consignments of eggs, chickens, Irish potatoes, N. C. Bacon, and all kinds country produce which he always sells to best advantage and remits promptly. Give him a trial. His stock of groceries is large and well selected, and he offers special inducements to persons buying in quantities. Write to him for prices.

Brewster

is agent for, pure mixed paint, any color. No chemical or soft soap paint, but a pure paint that any painter will like and warrant to be equal to the best pure lead and 40 per cent cheaper. Agent for Wadsworth's dryer, Davis, Chambers & Co's., pure green seal lead, Messrs. Bigelow & Co's., premium coach varnish. Oil brushes and everything in the paint line.

Write for prices. Sash doors and blinds of yellow pine as cheap as common white pine. May 11 3t.

Cuba Molasses.

One car load of Cuba Molasses consigned, will be sold cheap. Call at once for a bargain.
POOL & MORING.

Go to the Higgs House

To-day and get a genuine bowl of Turtle Soup, prepared by Nicholas Johns, the French cook. Families supplied. The lunch counter is supplied with all kind of delicacies.
JACOB HIGGS.

The Manhattan.

The most reliable, easy fitting and altogether satisfactory shirt you can wear is the old reliable Manhattan. Always kept in stock at a very low price, by
D. S. WATT & BRO.,
Raleigh, N. C.

To Fit Large Men.

Elegant Black French Ribbed Pants, at $7.50. R. B. Andrews & Co., Clothiers and Hatters.

Only $8.50 For

Blue Flannel Suits, of fast colors at R. B. Andrews & Co., Clothiers and Hatters.

Patapsco Family Flour

In ½ and 11-6 bbl. Sacks. For sale by W. H. Dodd.

W. C. & A. B. Stronach, Grocers, No. 1 Fayetteville, No. 4 Martin and No. 6 Market Square, Raleigh, N. C.,

Offer to the trade to-day, at inside prices, following, viz.:

60,000 lbs Timothy and Clover Hay,
10,000 lbs Bulk C. R. Sides,
700 bus White and Yellow Corn,
400 " White Bolted Meal,
200 bbls Extra and Family Flour,
2,000 gals Syrup and Molasses,
100 bbls Herring, Mackerel and Mullets,
2,000 lbs Canvassed Hams,
16,000 lbs Ship Stuff and Bran,
10,000 lbs White and Yellow Sugars,
200 doz Baking Powders.
Choice Messina Oranges,
Extra Palermo and Messina Lemons,
Red and Yellow Bananas,
Fresh Baracon Cocoanuts,
New Turkish Prunes,
Choice Baldwin Apples.
Choice Patras Currants.
Mixed and Plain Pickles,
English and American Chow-Chow,
Potted Tongue, Turkey and Duck,
Imported and American Catsups and Sauces,
Smoked, Broiling and Chipping Beef,
Graham Flour,
Imported and Domestic Oatmeal,
Sago, Tapioca and Farisca,
Cracked and Crushed Wheat,
Rice, Flour and Corn Starch,
Nelson & Cox's Gelatin,
Imperial Gamage & Mill's Food,
Canned Pie Fruits,
Preserves and Jellies,
Chocolate and Cocoa,
Fresh Dessicated Cocoanut,
Imported and American Mustards,

ALSO:

Fine line of Imported and American Cigars, ranging in price from $1.25 to $17.50 per 100.

Navy and Plain Chewing Tobacco, from 28c to 75c per lb, in small plugs put up for retail trade.

If you wish anything in Heavy or Fancy Grocery Line, send to us for Catalogue and Price List.

☞ Samples by mail or otherwise when requested.

Notice.

The members of Hesperian Social Club are requested to meet at the Graded school on Monday night at 8 o'clock sharp.

L. W. NASH, Sec.
W. H. SUMNER, Pres.

VALUABLE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

On Thursday, June 5th, 1879, at 12 m.

I will sell on the premises, in lots to suit purchasers, that valuable property in the city of Raleigh lying on the west side of Halifax street, and bounded on the south by the lots of Mrs. M. S. Speight and D. S. Hudgings, Esq.; on the west by Salisbury street; on the north by lots of J. B. Martin, Esq., and D. S. Hudgings, Esq.; on the east by Halifax street.

Terms of Sale—One-fourth Cash.

residue in three equal installments on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, respectively, with interest at 6 per cent., notes required for deferred payments, and title retained until purchase money is all paid.

Sale made in pursuance of judgment of Wake Superior Court. Judgment Roll No. 3,159.

S. F. MORDECAI,
May 6th-tds. Commissioner.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Has been the leading Baking Powder for years. It has gained its popularity from its being the most perfect Baking Powder made. It is prepared from pure, refined materials. For purity, strength and healthfulness it stands alone. 2t.

Bock! Bock!! Bock!!!

The public are respectfully informed that the only genuine, pure bock beer on sale in this city is the lion brewery, Cincinnati, for sale only at Tim Lee's, Phil. Thiem's, J. S. Taylor's, and W. H. J. Goodwin's, and by the keg by M. Bill, (Agt. for brewery,) city bottling works, Raleigh, N. C.,

Country dealers are requested to send in their orders at once as the demand is very great.

For Sale

Two hundred and fifty pounds of live geese feathers. They are nice and will be sold low. Apply to Latta & Myatt, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

For Sale.

Comfortable house, with eight rooms, and all necessary outbuildings, on accommodating terms, situated on Sanders street. Apply to
MESSRS. MARTIN & OSBORN.

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts.

These Flavoring Extracts have won their way to public favor from their merits. No housekeeper who has flavored a cake, pudding or cream with Dr. Price's Flavors, will ever return to the use of the cheap Flavoring Extracts that flood the market. 2t.

Only $12 for Grey Cassimere Suits at R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,
Clothiers and Hatters.

Mrs. Osborn would like a few table boarders.

100,000 feet pine lumber.
200,000 heart pine sawed shingles.
2,000 bushels bolted meal.
2,000 bushels corn.
2 car loads baled fodder.
2 " " " hay,
and a variety of horse and cow feed on hand, and more coming. For sale very low by Jones, Green & Powell, 47 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

Standard.

Patapsco Flour,
Patapsco Baking Powder.

Bolted Virginia Meal,
Orange Grove Extra Flour.

Prime Timothy Hay,
Marshall's Liverpool Salt,

Clear Rib Bulk Meat,
Egerton's Scotch Snuff.

For sale at wholesale by
W. H. DODD.

The Tucker House.

This hostelry has not long been opened, but has already made itself a favorite here and with the traveling public. The fare is good, the rooms favorable, while the location is very convenient. These many advantages are appreciated.

Chufas

May be planted in May, June and July. For sale by W. H. Dodd.

It is to your Interest to Know

that Payne Bros. are now making the best bricks on this market and selling them lower than the lowest. They can afford it as they give the business their undivided attention and being practical men know how to make them by economy and of best quality.

They use the well known and long tried "Crab Tree Clay" which is unsurpassed in the State of North Carolina. We guarantee our brick and work to give perfect satisfaction. For further information call on Wayne Allcott, Agent, corner Will. and Davie Sts., or address, PAYNE BROS.,
P. O. Box 75, Raleigh N. C.,

If you Want.

If you want a barrel of splendid family flour for $7.00, Martin & Osborn's is the place to get it.

Beer, Ale, Porter and Mineral Waters.

My facilities for the delivery of the above in bottles or kegs, are superior to any in the State. Prices as low as the lowest. Country orders solicited.
M. BILLS, Raleigh, N. C.
City Bottling Works.

As a Diuretic.

In all diseases of the kidneys the best known remedy is the regular use of the famous Buffalo Lithia water from spring number 2. It acts promptly and effectually, does not differ in taste from other waters and to those who suffer from kidney complaints it is an indispensible necessity. For sale by all first class druggist.

For Rent.

A dwelling house in the city of Raleigh. Seven rooms, in good repair with necessary out houses. For particulars apply to W. H. Pace, Attorney at Law.

Particular Notice.

Business men and others in need of Book and Job Printing of any kind should remember that the NEWS Job Office is the place to have it done neatly, cheaply and at the shortest notice.

No Time Like the Present.

Now is the time to buy goods cheap, at Law's "china and silver" warehouse. We must reduce our enormous stock before the dull summer months, and to parties wishing triple-plated casters, forks, spoons, &c., china, cutlery or glassware we have special bargains to offer. Call early and get prices or send for price list before buying elsewhere.

Gun and Locksmiths.

Brockwell & King, near the rear of the U. S. Court House, on Salisbury street, are prepared to repair in first-class style, Breech-loading and Muzzle-loading Shot Guns and fire arms of every description. They also repair Door Locks, Trunk Locks, and locks of all patterns, Umbrellas, Parasols, Fluting machines, and everything in the line of small hardware, either brass, steel or iron. Sign and Bell hanging a specialty. Orders from a distance will receive special attention. Keys fitted at residences on short notice. All work warranted.

The Greatest Blessing.

A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time, and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it? See another column.

L. R. Wyatt.

Has on hand and to arrive.

22,000 lbs. C. R. Bulk side and shoulders.
1,000 bus. prime white corn.
200 bbls. family flour.
500 bus. Haxall Mills bolted meal.
50 sacks Marshall's Liverpool salt.
25 bbls. New Orleans molasses,
10 bbls. sugar house molasses,
20 bbls. sugar, from granulated down.
20 sacks coffee,
20,000 pounds prime Timothy hay.
Early Rose seed potatoes.

Orders filled promptly for seed sweet potatoes.

Above named goods bought right, and will be sold accordingly.

L. R. WYATT.
Wilmington St., opposite Market.

C. Weikel & Co.

In order to be abreast with the times in every respect, this enterprising firm are receiving daily samples of all the most fashionable and seasonable goods now in the market. Select your samples and they will send for the goods and make them up in a style that, for elegance and finish cannot be surpassed. Their charges will be moderate and suitable to the times. All goods now on hand will be sold at very reduced prices for cash only. Call and examine their stock. You needn't buy unless you like.

The Celebrated Seven Springs Iron and Alum Mass.

This is decidedly the most useful, besides being the most efficient Family Medicine ever placed within the reach of any people. Its reputation extends far and wide, and its great popularity is due entirely to its own merits. For relieving Sick and Nervous Headache, it may be truly said, to have no equal. Dyspeptics find it just the remedy for their troubles. Mothers and daughters have long since discovered in its use a "panacea" for their worst ills; and now we have the testimonies of two eminent ministers of the gospel, from Southern cities, setting forth its specific effects in other more dreaded and troublesome diseases.

Rev. John F. Mayne, Theological Seminary, Columbia, S. C., writes: "Am afflicted with that terrible disease, 'Diabetes;' am using the 'Seven Springs Mass' with a considerable degree of relief; is the only remedy I have yet found to suit my case; want to continue its use until a cure is effected if possible. Send worth of the enclosed P. O. order immediately.

JNO. F. MAYNE.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 23d, 1879.

Rev. J. D. Parker, of New Orleans, La., writes: "Having tried effectually the 'Seven Springs Iron and Alum Mass,' for Diarhœa, Kidney afflictions, &c., I take pleasure in recommending its use in these complaints. In my case it affords immediate relief.

J. D. PARKER."

New Orleans, La., Feb. 11th, 1879.

For sale by Wm. Simpson, Pescud, Lee & Co., and F. H. Heartt, Raleigh, N. C., and Druggists generally.

LANDRUM & LITCHFIELD,
Abingdon, Va.

Fresh Arrivals at D. T. Johnson's.

Richmond bolted meal, 500 lbs nice white corn bulk meats, N. C. hams and sides. A large lot of peas, (different kinds.) Cuba molasses in bbls and tierces, 20 bags coffee, different grades, 20 bbls nice yellow sugar, 300 sacks flour. We offer these goods to the trade at prices that can't fail to please. Give us a trial. A few chufas on hand yet. D. T. Johnson.

Brunswick Billiard Tables.

I am general agent for this State for the celebrated Brunswick and Balkas billiard tables. Special inducements offered to saloon keepers.

M. BILLS, Raleigh, N. C.,
City Bottling Works.

National Surgical In

Two of the Surgeons of this notable Institute will visit Raleigh, North Carolina, June 6th and 7th, 1879, stopping at the Yarboro House. They will have with them a fine outfit of braces and surgical appliances, and will be prepared to treat all kinds of Deformities and Chronic diseases, such as club feet, hip disease, spinal disease, paralysis, piles and fistula, catarrah, private diseases of the eye, &c. For full particulars, Address National Surgical Institute, Atlanta, Ga.

At Watson's.

A fresh supply of sugar cured shoulders.

Electric Belts.

A sure cure for nervous debility, premature decay, exhaustion, etc. The only reliable cure. Circulars mailed free. Address J. K REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

Important Notice.

The practicing physicians and surgeons of the county of Wake, eligible to membership in the North Carolina State Medical Society, are hereby notified to meet at the rooms of the Academy of Medicine of the city of Raleigh at 11 a. m. on Monday, the 5th inst, for the purpose of forming a County Medical Society, with a view to perfecting the organization of a County Board of Health.

By a request of the Raleigh Academy of Medicine. JAS. MCKEE, M. D.
President.

Land for Sale.

A beautiful little farm of eighty-seven and one-half (87½) acres, situated on the Louisburg road, about seven miles from Raleigh. Can be bought on reasonable terms by applying to
LATTA & MYATT.

Book Beer.

The very best of this celebrated beverage on draft at A. W. Frap's saloon.

Very Low Prices.

1,000 fans, from 5 cents.
1,000 handkerchiefs, from 5 cents.
1,000 pair hose, from 10 cents.
1,000 parasols, from 15 cents.
500 straw hats, from 15 cents.
7,000 yards domestics, from 5 cents.
750 shirts, from 25 cents.
Coats, from 50 cents.
Vests, from 50 cents.
Pants, from 50 cents.
A full stock of ladies' slippers, from 50 cents, at Woollcott's Open Front Store, Wilmington st.

Unheard of Bargains!

Who tries his best to please his friends
And in his labors never ends,
Bargains he'll give you when you call
For No. 10 is all and all.
Of other houses you hear them talk;
In Fayetteville street just take a walk
And only ask for No. 10,
Kept by the most ingenious of men,
And when his friends by chance drop in
Then forth he comes, Lord what a grin,
And to their wondering eyes displays
Such heaps of brackets and window shades.
His pictures are exposed to public view
And a variety of cord to suspend them too,
His looking glasses and toilet cases
Will help adorn your forms and faces;
Picture frames and mouldings too
In great variety, black, brown and blue.
His window cornices and lambrequins fine,
Will make your rooms and parlor shine.
Perforated mottoes, and white holly baskets.
And every other sort of stuff,
Of which he hopes to have enough.
So now he bids you all adieu
And wishes a happy new year too,
And not forget
C. C. CLAWSON,
No. 10 Fayetteville St.

Wholesale Store.

Messrs. Latta & Myatt have on hand and to arrive—

300 sacks "L. & M." Family Flour.
50 " "08" " "
200 " "XX" " "
25 bbls. Patapsco and Orange Flour.
10 sacks N. C. Flour.
700 bushels corn.
900 " meal (Virginia bolted).
20,000 lbs. bulk C. R. sides.
2,000 " bacon and shoulders.
1,000 " canvassed and uncanvassed hams.
4000 lbs. N. C. hams and shoulders
40 bbls. new crop Cuba molasses.
85 " New Orleans "
35 " "Queen Bee" Syrup.
2,200 lbs. bucket, tub and tierce lard.
45 bags Rio Coffee.
20 hhd. "yellow" sugar.
15 " "A." and "C." sugar.
5 " Granulated "

All of which will be sold low. Send for samples and price list. Latta & Myatt, Wholesale Grocers.

Spring 1879—New Goods.

Bargains never before heard of. I have just returned from New York where I have purchased a select stock of Dry Goods consisting in Dress Goods, Lawns, Pique white and colored. Prints in great variety and Prettiest I ever bought. Bleached and unbleached muslins at all prices.

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

in great variety. Boydens hand made Gaiters for Gentlemen all styles both high and low cut with box toe and without box, Beautiful French toes. J. S. Turner's hand made gaiters for Gentlemen high cut with and without box.

Heiser's hand-made gaiters for gentlemen's wear. T. Miles & Son's ladies' shoes, morocco and cloth. Miles' ladies' kid button boots. Miles' ladies' kid Newport Ties, which are beautiful.

In addition to these, I keep a full line of all qualities and prices of low price shoes for gentlemen and ladies, and a nice line of

Misses' and Childrens' Shoes.

I have a fine line of childrens' white no-heel button shoes.

My Clothing Department is very attractive, and prices more attractive.

I am also agent for Devlin & Co., the leading custom-made clothiers of N. Y. measures taken and suits made to order. Don't forget the famous Boyden Gaiter for gents in all styles, and my Clothing Department up stairs. Agent Frank Leslie cut paper patterns. Catalogue Free.

Very Respectfully,
J. P. GULLEY.

W. C. & A. B. Stronach—April 30th—New Goods.

Patapsco Family Flour.
Harvest Queen Family Flour.
Glenwood Family Flour.
Wemlcome Extra Flour.
New N. C. Cut Herrings.
Winston's Roe Herrings.
Gilt Edge Goshen Butter.
Prime Cream Cheese.
Shaker's Dried Corn.
Golden State Current Jelly.
Sampson and Raspberry Preserves.
Plain and Mixed Pickles by quart or gallon.
Crosse and Blackwell's Chow-Chow.
Crosse and Blackwell's Mixed Pickles.
Summers & Co's. mixed Pickles and Chow-Chow.
Dried Chipping Beef and Broiling Beef.
Choice Fulton Market Corned Beef.
Ferris' Smoked Beef Tongues.
Extra Baldwin Apples.
Extra Massina Oranges.
Cooking Prunes and Currents.
Yellow and Red Bananas.

For Rent.

The one-story frame dwelling situate on Bloodworth street, near Judge Strong's. A well-improved garden on the lot. Premises all in good repair. Apply to A. A. THOMPSON.
d-1w

Notice.

I hereby notify my friends and customers who have been sending and calling on me for wines and liquors, that I will not keep any more liquors on hand of any description, but will continue to supply all with the best groceries at the lowest prices. Call and see me. J. W. Watson.

Good Roasted Coffee.

Fifteen cents per pound at
WATSON'S.

Fine Tobacco and Cigars.

At Watson's, Fayetteville street, opposite the Market.

Molasses, Syrup, Sugar,

Of all grades. Best sugar-cured hams. Patapsco and Orange Grove Flour, Richmond Meal, Hominy, Grits, and a general assortment of Groceries of the best quality, very cheap, at Watson's.

Men's Dress Shirts.

All sizes—to fit persons weighing from 100 to 300 pounds. Best quality from $1.25 each, at R. B. Andrews & Co., Clothiers and Hatters.

Wanted.

A lady of many years experience in teaching, desires to obtain board in exchange for instruction in music, or teaching other branches, a few hours daily. Reference given. Address "Teacher," care of editor NEWS.

Make Your Own Fertilizer.

With ten dollars worth of chemicals, which I will furnish in proper proportions for one ton of fertilizer, added to such materials as every farmer has in abundance around the farm, he can make a ton of fertilizer equal to the best high priced fertilizer on the market.

It is recommended by leading farmers, such as Mr. Wm. Grimes, J. T. Leach and others whose testimonials I have.

WM. SIMPSON,
Chemist, Raleigh, N. C.

Marble and Stone Works.

A very large assortment of Headstones and Monuments on hand finished. Over one hundred sets just received, plates of the latest designs received monthly. The cheapest place in the State to buy. Wolfe's Stone Burial Case at the yard and Henry Brown, undertaker. Marble yard cor. Morgan and Blount Sts. Raleigh.

CAYTON & WOLFE.

Night Shirts.

Best quality, cut long and well made, at $1.00. The lowest price in the city, at R. B. Andrews & Co., Clothiers and Hatters.

NEW ADAERTISEMENTS.

Mortgage Sale!

By virtue of the power contained in the Deed of Mortgage, registered in book 42, at p. 415, of the Register's office for Wake county, I will sell at the court house door in Raleigh, for CASH, at 12 o'clock M., on

Monday, the 9th day of June, 1879,

the house and lot on Dawson street, in the city of Raleigh, where Joseph H. Green now resides, containing about one-half an acre.

DAN'L G. FOWLE,
may10-1m] Mortgagee.

FOR SALE.

Two desirable lots for sale, situated north of Ennis' printing office, east of Capt. J. J. Thomas' residence, bounded by Salisbury and Jones sts., situated in a very pleasant and desirable locality. For terms apply to Mrs. Sallie E. Brown,
may 10-1t

RALEIGH MARKETS.

Cotton Market:

Reported by PARKER & AVERA, Cotton Brokers.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 10, 1879.

Middling	11¾
Strict Low Middling	11¾
Low Middling	11¾
Strict Good Ordinary	11¾
Good Ordinary	10¾
Ordinary	
Middling Stains	11¾
Low Middling Stains	10¾
Good Ordinary Stains	

Tone of Market, firm.

CITY MARKETS—Wholesale Prices.

Corrected by CHISTOPHER & SORRELL

Official Report of Grocers Exchange.

RALEIGH, N. C., MAY 10 1879.

Flour, North Carolina	$5 75	@	6 00
Chickens	15	@	20
Corn	60	@	65
Corn Meal	55	@	60
Bacon, N. C. Hog round	7	@	8
" " hams	7	@	9
Bulk Meats, clear rib sides	5½	@	6
" " shoulders	5	@	5½
North Carolina Pork	6	@	7
Coffee, prime Rio	14	@	15
" good	12	@	13
Syrup, S. H	25	@	
Molasses, Cuba	33	@	35
Salt, Liverpool	1 65	@	1 70
Sugar, white	8½	@	9
" yellow	7½	@	
Irish potatoes	1 00	@	1 25
" " North Carolina	50	@	55
Sweet Potatoes (seed)	75	@	80
Oats, shelled	45	@	50
Peaches, peeled	8	per	lb
" unpealed	3	@	4
Apples, northern per bushel	$1 25	@	1 50
" dried	3	@	4
Cotton Ties, new	4½	@	
" " spliced	3½	@	
Bagging	11	@	12
Pork	4	@	6
Peas, per bushel, white	80	@	90
" " stock	65	@	75
Eggs	12	@	15
Butter	12½	@	15
Beeswax	20	@	22½
Rags—mixed	1½	@	
" cotton	1¾	@	
FURS—Otter			$5.00
Mink			75
Fox			90
Coon			35

Above are for large quantities. When small quantities are wanted higher prices will be charged.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Money easy at 2@3. Exchange strong 4.86½@4.87. Governments firm at 1.03½. State bonds dull.

Cotton—net receipts 95 bales; gross 352. Futures closed firm; ; sales 148,100 bales; May 12.40@12.42; June 1@2; July 48; August 81; September 52@53; October 11.66@11.67; November 37@38; December 26@27; January 29@30.

Cotton steady; sales 190 bales; middling uplands 12 7-16 cents; middling Orleans 12 9-16 cents; consolidated net receipts 1,953 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,293 bales; exports to France 4,937 bales.

Flour—less active, and prices without decided change, but firmly held; Southern flour firm but quiet. Wheat, spring, without decided change; winter @1 lower, with moderate business; ungraded winter red $1.05@15. Corn about 1c. lower, fairly active. Oats fairly active and a shade easier. Coffee fairly active but steady; Rio, quoted in cargoes, 10½@14; in jobbing lots 10½@15. Sugar firm with fair trade for Cuba; Muscovado 6@6 5-16; fair to good refining, quoted at 6¼@7-16; prime 6¾@9-16; refined fair demand and firm. Molasses quiet, prices unchanged. Rice, fair request and quite firm. Tallow, fair trade and steady at 6¼@5-16. Rosin dull at $1.32½@$1.35 for strained. Turpentine weak. Pork opened weak and closed firmer with moderate trade; mess, on spot, is quoted at $9.00 for old; $10.00@$10.22½ for new; June delivery $9.85; August $10.00@$10.05. Lard opened easier but closed stronger and quiet; prime steam, on spot, 6.27½@6.32½. Whiskey nominal at $1.05. Freights firmer.

BALTIMORE, May 10.—Oats steady: Southern 35@37; Western white 34@35; do. mixed 33@34; Pennsylvania 33@35. Rye quiet at 58@60. Hay dull; prime to choice Pennsylvania and Maryland $12.00@$14.00 per ton. Provisions firm; mess pork $10.50@$10.75; bulk meats loose—shoulders 3¾; clear rib sides 4¾; packed 4¼@5¼. Bacon—shoulders 4¼@4¾; clear rib sides 5¼@6; hams 9¾@10. Lard, refined, in tierces 7. Butter quiet; prime to choice western packed 14@16; roll 11@13. Eggs steady at 10@10½. Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes 10¼@16. Whisky dull $1.07@1.07½. Sugar firm; "A," soft, quoted at 8@8¼.

CINCINNATI, May 10.—Flour in good demand and a shade higher; for family $4.60@$5.50. Wheat stronger and in fair demand; red and white $1.03@$1.07. Corn quiet at 37½@38. Oats firm at 29@31½. Pork quiet but firm at $9.75@$10.00. Lard quiet but firm; current make held at $6.00. Bulk meats stronger—shoulders held at $3.50, cash sales; early at $3.47½ to seller; June short rib sold at $4.50; closed at $4.55; bid on short clear held at $4.70@4.75. Bacon in good demand at full prices—shoulders $4.00@$4.12½; clear rib $5.30@$5.37½; clear sides $5.30@5.50. Whisky active and firm at $1.01. Butter dull and unchanged. Sugar firmer—hard 8¼@9¼; "A" white 8¼@8¾; New Orleans 6@7; hogs., active and firm; common $2.50@$3.25; light $3.30@$3.60; packing $3.40@$3.60; butchers $3.60@$3.70. Receipts 9,552.

WILMINGTON, May 9.—Spirits turpentine steady at 26½. Rosin steady; strained $1.00; good strained $1.02½. Crude turpentine steady; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.60; virgin $2.10. Tar steady at 77½. Corn quiet; prime white 51@52.

LIVERPOOL, May 10—Noon.—Cotton, moderate inquiry, and freely supplied; middling uplands 6¼; middling Orleans 6 15-16; sales 7 bales; speculative exports 1